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1949. COMPLETIONS OF THE METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO., LTD. (H.O. CALCUTTA) EXCEED 6 CRORES AND FIFTY-FIVE LACS. Central Office—Western Circle, 371, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY—1.

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Lie's Mission To Moscow Might Succeed

PROGRESS IN COLD WAR TALKS

Friendly Reception From Marshal Stalin

LAKE SUCCESS, May 17, (PTI-Reuter).

UNITED NATIONS Secretary-General Trygve Lie said in Moscow today he had "no reasons to be dissatisfied" with "cold war" talks he had had with Generalissimo Stalin and other Soviet leaders.

He disclosed that they had also discussed atomic energy control and Chinese representation on the United Nations.

Mr. Lie added that a "final judgment" on the talks could not be made before two or three months from now —"maybe it will take a still longer period, too," he said.

He made these statements at a Press Conference in Moscow, according to a press release from his United Nations Headquarters here.

He made this statement in reply to a question.

Mr. Lie said he had been received "in a most friendly way and the exchanges of views and ideas have been of a positive kind".

SUILT BULKS

He told the Press Conference in Moscow that he had seen Generalissimo Stalin, Vice-Premier Vyacheslov Molotov, Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky, Deputy Minister Andrei Gromyko, and Mr. Arkady Sobolev, former Assistant Secretary-General at the United Nations.

The Secretary-General added: "Our conversations have concentrated on the general international situation, Chinese representation in the United Nations, and the so-called 'cold war'. Among other matters discussed I can also mention periodic (special) meetings of the Security Council, and the control of atomic energy. I cannot give you more details".

He said that talks and exchange of views between leaders of state and himself had to be confidential if results were to be obtained in actual situations and difficult problems.

THE SECOND ROUND

Trygve Lie, also said that he hoped to confer again with President Truman, British Prime Minister Clement Attlee and French Prime Minister Georges Bidault. Asked if the second interviews he hoped to have with Mr. Attlee, Mr. Truman and M. Bidault were the result of his conversations with Marshal Stalin and other Soviet leaders here, he said: "No. I had that in mind before I came to Moscow."

Mr. Lie, telling 50 foreign and Soviet press representatives that his talks were not aimed at producing immediate results, declared that United Nations difficulties must be solved before the next General Assembly meets in September.

Asked if he planned to return to Moscow again soon, he replied: "Moscow was the last point east this trip and I have no plans to return for the time being".

He said that his journey was laying the groundwork from which results were possible within two or three months.

MEETING WITH CHINESE AMBASSADOR

Mr. Lie was asked about his visit yesterday to the Chinese Ambassador here, Wang Chia-Hsing. He replied that he had never before met the representative of the Peking Government. The conversation, which was of a confidential nature, was held on Mr. Lie's initiative.

"Real Success"

NEW YORK, May 17 (PTI-Reuter): A New York "Times" cable from Moscow today said that Mr. Lie's mission to the Soviet capital had "achieved a real measure of success."

It said there were: "A new and important demonstration of Soviet support of United Nations principles, evidenced by specific and detailed consideration by Marshal Stalin and other Soviet leaders of measures that may be taken through the United Nations for resolving the east-west conflicts;

"Fresh affirmation of a profound belief held by Premier Stalin and the Soviet regime in the possibility of long continued co-existence of the Communist and capitalist systems.

"Recognition by the Soviet Union that concrete and precise diplomatic action must be undertaken if the roots of international friction are to be attacked."

Mysore Bishop Passes Away

BANGALORE, May 17. (PTI): The Rt. Rev. P. Curushanta, first Bishop in Mysore of the Church of South India, passed away this morning at his residence in Bangalore. He was 62.

New Faces For Turkey

ISTANBUL, May 17 (PTI-Reuter).

Some time next week Turks, whose country has a 19 million population, will start taking down from the walls several million photographs and portraits of grey-haired smiling General Ismet Ineunu, 66-year-old President.

The portraits, which have been displayed compulsorily in shops, offices, and public buildings throughout Turkey side by side with portraits of Kemal Ataturk, Dictator-founder of modern Turkey, will no longer be needed.

For the resounding defeat in Sunday's general election of the Republican People's Party means the retirement from office of Turkey's "strong man" who was the right hand man of Kemal Ataturk and succeeded him as President on his death in 1938.

In his place the Turkish Grand National Assembly, or Parliament will elect a nominee of the successful Democrat Party, which has 434 members in the 487-person Assembly. Then, new pictures will go up.

LESS COFFEE NEXT YEAR

Lack Of Rains

BANGALORE, May 17. (PTI): The next year's coffee crop in India is estimated to be less than the previous year's. The scarcity of rain in the Mysore region has affected the plantations. The usual showers after the flowering season in February did not occur.

The crop expected to be harvested during 1950/51 therefore is only 19,660 tons against the current crop of 20,560 tons and last year's production of 22,300 tons.

A CONFERENCE

..A Conference of coffee research officers and coffee growers is to be held in Chikmangalur next February. The purpose of the Conference is to have mutual exchange of views and ..pooling of experience on problems affecting coffee growing industry.

Indeed!

SPENDER PLAN, MAIN PLANK OF SYDNEY TALKS

Conference Endorses Urgent Aid Policy

SYDNEY, May 17. (PTI-Reuter).

ATMOSPHERE of a clash at the Commonwealth Aid to Asia Conference here was dispelled today when the Australian Minister of external affairs, P. C. Spender, declared "we have obtained our objective."

Mr. Spender, author of the "Spender Plan" for aiding South-East Asia discussed at the Commonwealth Colombo Conference in January, was referring to the amount of aid to be given to the area.

Yesterday, it was reported that Australia wanted immediate short term aid for South-East Asia and that Mr. Spender had proposed an 8,000,000 Sterling Fund for giving technical help to countries most needing it. It was understood Britain favoured careful assessment of the area's economic needs and resources as the basis for a long-term development plan.

Today, Mr. Spender announced the Conference had endorsed a paper revised to meet some of the objections to the Australian Plan. The sum of eight million might be altered, he said, but in any case the amount was intended for the initial stages of immediate assistance.

OPPOSITION

One of the objections to the Australian Plan was said to be that Commonwealth contributions to the fund, particularly Australian, would have to come out of frozen credits in London.

Mr. Spender, who has consistently advocated immediate aid to stem the Communist tide in Asia, said the Conference had agreed in principle on both long-term and short-term aid.

The Conference itself, at the end of its third day, reported "considerable progress" in its plans for strengthening South and South-East Asia.

Mr. Spender also said it was not generally realised that South-East Asian countries had a "tremendous potential" to help relieve the dollar shortage.

In London today, it was learned that the clash between British and Australian Governments at the outset of the Conference, would be raised next week when the House of Commons debates Far Eastern affairs.

Any major cleavage over so small a sum as £8,000,000 compared with Britain's overall expenditure of £750,000,000 since the war would be "unthinkable", they said.

Liaquat Meets Nimitz

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan called on Admiral Chester Nimitz, United Nations Kashmir Plebscite Administrator at his home in Berkeley near here today.

Liaquat Ali Khan made this social call while returning to San Francisco from Berkeley where he addressed students of the University of California.

Admiral Nimitz called on the Prime Minister on Sunday after he had arrived in San Francisco from Kansas City.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan met Sir Owen Dixon, Australian Jurist recently appointed United Nations Kashmir Mediator in New York last week.

The peace of the Indo-Pakistan subcontinent, Asia and the world depends upon the goodwill and confidence of Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and Pandit Nehru.

So said Professor Robert Gordon Sproul, President of California University, tonight as he introduced the Pakistan Premier to five thousand men and women in the University campus at Berkeley near here.

"You have already heard Mr. Nehru and today it is our good fortune to hear Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan.

He said Pandit Nehru was educated at Cambridge and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan at Oxford and amid laughter added: "So you must allow for slight differences of opinion".

LOCUST THREAT

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, May 17.

Locust threat to Punjab, Sourashtra and Bombay has now become real. According to New Delhi reports, locustas are breeding fast on the border of Rajputana.

Gen. Cariappa In London

PARTICIPATING IN TACTICAL STUDIES

LONDON, May 17 (PTI-Reuter): General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army, arrived by air in London today to attend the annual conference and tactical studies held by Field Marshall Sir William Slim, Chief of the Imperial General staff.

He was accompanied by Major Generals K. S. Thimayya and Tara Singh Bal.

The Conference, fifth of its kind since the war, will study phases on warfare dealing with defence. Taking part in it will be military representatives from the Commonwealth countries, the United States, the Western Union Countries, the Western Europe Commanders-in-Chief Organisation and general officers of the British Army both home and overseas, and officers of the Royal Navy and the Royal Air Force.

The Pakistan Commander in Chief, General Sir Douglas Gracel arrived yesterday.

The studies, will be conducted in conference rooms at the Staff College at Camberley. No actual troops will be involved.

Bhavanagar Calls On Rajaji

MADRAS, May 17 (PTI): The Maharaja of Bhavanagar, Governor of Madras, called on Mr Rajagopalachari at his residence in Thyagarajanagar this afternoon and made inquiries after his health.

Mr. Rajagopalachari is still in bed with a slight congestion in the right lung.

FLARE-UP IN VIET-NAM: FRENCH CLAIM SUCCESS

PARIS, May 17. (PTI-Reuter).

BRISK military activity between French and Viet Minh (Indo-China Nationalist insurgents) in Northern Viet Nam during the past 24 hours was reported by Agence France Presse today from Honoi.

A French military communique said the French had recaptured the post, Ho Tao, north-east of Laokay, which they were forced to evacuate several months ago.

Viet Minh forces were maintaining "strong pressure" on the post—situated on the Yunnan—Viet Nam frontier, the communique added.

The agency quoted the communique as saying that in this area liaison was most frequent between Chinese Communists and Vietnamese.

The communique also gave the following reports [illegible] attacking force was repulsed by French counter-attacks in the Muong Lam post south-east of Son in the Thai [illegible]

VIET MINH AMBUSH

A Franco-Vietnamese company fell into a Viet Minh ambush a dozen kilometers south of Sadong and suffered losses.

A French mobile unit sent as reinforcements captured the enemies entrenched fortification in a strong movement.

Twenty-three Viet Minh guerillas were killed and three French troops were injured. In scattered operations in northern Viet Nam 17 Viet Minh troops were killed.

French artillery fire relieved the village of Vu Ban 100 kilometres south-west of Hanoi from the violent attacks it had suffered from Viet Minh.

PROBE INTO BOMBAY'S FOOD PRODUCTION

Planning Commission Begins Its Work

BOMBAY, Wednesday

THE National Planning Commission has begun a statewide investigations of food production in various areas and the improvement in cotton and jute cultivation, it was learnt here today.

The Commission at the end of the investigation is expected to suggest ways and means to improve food production, increase in the acreage under cotton and jute without affecting food crops, and to co-ordinate various schemes in different states.

Mr. R. K. Patil and Mr. V. T. Krishnamachari, Members of the Planning Commission, are due to arrive here tomorrow morning to hold discussions with the Government of Bombay on these subjects.

At a conference to-morrow, Mr. Patil and Mr. V. T. Krishnamachari are expected to review food production in the State including the grow more food schemes, and draw up plans to improve the present pattern of work so as to obtain maximum production.

A COMMITTEE

Meanwhile, the Government of Bombay has appointed a Committee with the Secretaries of Finance, Civil Supplies and Agriculture Departments, Director of Food Production and the Chief Statistician as members, to assess the results of the "Grow More Food" schemes so far. This committee, which was appointed at the instance of the Government of India, would statistically analyse and link up "grow more food" schemes with the results achieved by theme. Similar Committees are expected to be appointed in other states as well.

'HIGH COMMAND' FOR ATLANTIC GROUP

Gen. Eisenhower Tipped To Head Organisation

LONDON, May 17. (PTI-Reuter): Foreign Ministers of the 12 Atlantic Pact powers today went deeper into the question of setting up a permanent "High Command" for the organisation, delegation sources said tonight.

It appeared certain that all 12 would agree before tomorrow night when the conference ends on the appointment of this all important execution group. It is expected to have its head-quarters in London.

But it is understood that direct defence strategy will still be left to on inner group of military plouners.

A popular guess for the new appointment was General Dwight Eisenhower, Supreme Commander in Europe during the war and now head of Columbia University in the United States. But the name of Mr. Averll Harriman was also mentioned. At present he is American Roving Ambassador to the Marshall aid countries. Other names canvassed include Mr. John Foster Dulles, Republican adviser to the United States State Department, and Mr. Lewis Douglas, American Ambassador in London.

MADRAS HAS NO USE FOR PLANE

"Hanuman" To Be Sold

MADRAS, May 17. (UPI): The Madras Government has, it is learnt, decided to offer for sale their eight-seater 'Dove' plane 'Hanuman'.

The Government, it is stated, are of the view that it is not worthwhile to have a plane of their own incurring a heavy expenditure on maintenance, when travel facilities have improved with the introduction of night air services and a number of new air routes by various commercial air travel agencies have been opened.

Territorial Changes

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The deserted village of Dasegaon in Chalisgaon taluka of the East Khandesh district will be amalgamated, from August 1, 1950, with the neighbouring village of Mehunbare in the same taluka. The necessary notification is being published in Bombay Government Gazette.

Munshi Means Business

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, May 17.

MR. K. M. Munshi means business; in the first week of his taking over the Food and Agriculture Ministry he has packed off a Joint Secretary to Mussorie to discuss details of the proposed enquiry into the sugar muddle.

The enquiry is expected to commence early next week.

Ban On German Arms Combines

ALLIES PROMULGATE LAW

BONN, May 17 (PTI-Reuter): Great German arms' combines like Krupps are banned for ever under a law promulgated by the Western allies today.

Organisation of West German heavy industries under the law will prevent huge steel, coal and other heavy industry concerns like Krupps, Koeckner and Flick from ever requiring so much power as to be able to influence the Government.

The law was passed last month by a vote of two to one—the French voting against it—but it was understood that though they did not agree with sections of the law, they were content to be outvoted and will co-operate in its execution.

The German Government is permitted to decide within the framework of the law who the ultimate owner will be.

Nazis, who have already forfeited their titles, will remain disqualifies.

'PEOPLE MUST SAVE'

State May Use Compulsion, Warns Gadgil

MIRAJ, May 17 (PTI): Mr. N. V. Gadgil, India's Minister for Works, Mines and Power, warned people today that if enough savings did not come forth through their voluntary efforts, Government would have to use compulsion just as in the time of war they resorted to conscription when enough recruits did not volunteer to join the armed forces.

If every one decided to save one day's pay in a month, Mr. Gadgil added, the problem of capital would be solved to a great extent. He promised on behalf of Government that their savings would be spent in their own district.

After inaugurating the exhibition, Mr. Gadgil went round the stalls and purchased a National Saving Certificate of rupees one hundred.

PLANE SLIPS OFF RUNWAY

Passengers Escape Injury

BOMBAY, Wednesday (PTI): Two passengers of an aircraft from Bangalore escaped injury when the plane slipped off runway at the Juhu airport where it landed this afternoon.

The aircraft French type "SO-65" belonging to the Air Services of India, was on its scheduled return flight from Bangalore. Shortly after taking off from Poona, the right undercarriage of the aircraft is reported to have developed some mechanical trouble.

The aircraft therefore landed on its other wheel, considerably damaging the undercarriage.

Connaught Place Cleared Of Refugees

NEW DELHI, May 17. (UPI): Connaught Place, the most attractive shopping centres of New Delhi was cleared of the refugee shop-keepers squatting in its corridors this evening.

About 400 in number, these squatters had been carrying on their trade on the pavements of the "show window of India's capital" ever since they migrated from Pakistan beacuse of post-partition riots.

Agreement Must Be Implemented For Indo-Pak Survival

CALCUTTA, May 17. (PTI): Dr. A. M. Malek, Pakistani Central Minister in charge of Minorities, said here today that "we must implement the Indo-Pakistan Minorities Agreement if we want to live in peace".

The Minister, who arrived in Calcutta this morning from Karachi on a two-day visit, told the Press Trust of India that the fate of India and Pakistan was so interlinked that "for our survival and progress we must have peace at any cost and for that every clause of the Delhi Agreement must be implemented in letter and spirit."

Dr. Malek will have discussions with Mr. Biswas, newly appointed Minister of State, tomorrow and will leave for Dacca the day after.

It is learnt that Dr. Malek and Mr. Biswas will soon undertake a tour of some of the East Bengal Districts. They also propose to tour some districts in West Bengal later.

While in Calcutta, Dr. Malek will have his office at Esplanade, where Mr. Biswas's office is also situated.

On arrival at Dum Dum this morning, the Pakistani Minister was received by Mr. K. K. Sen, Joint Secretary to the Ministry of External Affairs and an official of the Pakistani Deputy High Commissioner in Calcutta. The West Bengal Governor was represented by an A.D.C.

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BOOKS AND PERIODICALS

Wanted Rare Books on Botany and Zoology Banwari Lal Jain: Rare Bookseller: Moti Katra, Agra. 1831

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Wanted Agents on pay Rs. 400/- P.M. and on 20 p.c. commission for our fountainpens ... Melco-Tower Pen Co. S. B. Delh. (1815)

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For Sale cheap some wearing apparel, also large fibre trunk, suitable slim gentleman 5' 9" proceeding U.K. Apply after 5 p.m. Flat 3, Ground Floor, Krishna Mahal, Marine Drive 1848

Pure silk shawls fine shades size 104 x 52 Rs. 10/- post free wanted agent, Manohar Textiles, Ludhiana. (1830)

PUBLIC NOTICES

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of the University Professor of Physiology in the grade of Rs. 700-50/2-1000 with the benefit of Provident Fund plus D. A., so long as it is paid to other University employees. The applicant must have high Post-Graduate degree in Physiology and should also have sufficient experience in Post-Graduate teaching and research in the subject.

Applicants should state in their applications their age, full particulars of their academic qualifications and experience in teaching and research as also in grading research work. The application should be accompanied by a precis of particulars to be furnished in a statement form which may be obtained from the undersigned.

Applications with copies of testimonials must reach the undersigned on or before 15th June 1950.

S. C. GHOSH,
Registrar (Offg.)

Senate House,
The 10th May, 1950.

(7832)

G.I.P. RLY—TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER (Grainshops), GIP Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m on 26-5-1950 for the supply of pulses, ground-nut oil and salt at the Railway Grainshop Godowns as indicated below. Tender documents may be obtained on payment of Re. 1/- per set either by cash or by money order from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller, Grainshops, GIP Railway at Poona.

TOOR-DAL.— Poona 500, Dhond 200, Sholapur 200, Bhusaval 500, Manmad 400 and Igatpuri 400.

MOONG-DAL- Wadi Bandar 500, Thana 200, Kalyan 300, Bhusawal 500, Manmad 200 and Igatpuri 200.

GROUNDNUT-OIL.— Thana 100, Kalyan 200, Bhusaval 700 Manmad 200 and Igatpuri 200.

SALT.—Wadi Bandar 300, Poona 400, Dhond 400, Sholapur 400, Bhusaval 400, Manmad 400 and Igatpuri 400. 3000 for Nagpur and 1000 for Murtazapur to be loaded in the wagons at Nahur or Thana Salt Siding.

NOTE. Quantities shown above are required in Bengal Maunds.

7828

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE SOUTH INDIA INSURANCE COMPANY LTD.
BOMBAY

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, New India Assurance Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, on Wednesday 7th June 1950 at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' report and the Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st December 1949.
2. To elect two Directors in place of Mr. Shapoorji Pallonji and Mr. Mahomed Hussain Hasham Premji, who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election and offer themselves accordingly.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 28th day of May, 1950 to 8th day of June, 1950, (both days inclusive.)

By Order of the Board,
D. H. COOPER
Manager

Bombay, 5th May, 1950.

(7829)

NOTICE

No. 6 SECRETARY, Public Service Commission, West Bengal invites applications on the prescribed form with a treasury chalan for Rs. 5/- for each category of posts under the head "XXXVI-Misc.—Receipts of the Public Service Commission, West Bengal" not later than the 12th June, 1950 to fill the following posts:—(1) A temporary Non-Gazetted post of WORKS MANAGER, CALCUTTA TRANSPORT FLEET, Department of food. Departmental candidates will be eligible provided their present basic pay plus 20 p.c. thereon does not fall short of Rs. 550/-. Pay—in the range of Rs. 550-600 per mensem plus dearness allowance Rs. 96/- and house rent allowance not exceeding Rs. 50/-, if admissible. Higher initial pay upto Rs. 600/- may be granted in the case of an exceptionally qualified candidate. Qualifications—(i) A candidate must possess a diploma in Mechanical Engineering having specialised in Automobile Engineering from an Indian University or if trained abroad, a Higher National Certificate in Automobile Engineering; (ii) practical training for not less than three years and experience of holding independent charge of an Automobile Workshop for not less than two years; (iii) age not more than 45 years on 1st March, 1950. (2) A temporary post of EXECUTIVE ENGINEER in connection with the execution of the Kanchrapara Area Development Scheme. Pay—Rs. 500-1000 per mensem plus the usual adinterim increase in pay and allowances as admissible under the rules. Higher initial pay may be granted to a candidate according to qualifications and experiences. Qualifications— (i) A candidate must possess a degree in Civil Engineering or Corporate Membership of the Institution of Engineers (India) or must have passed an examination to be exempted from Sections A & B examination of the Institution of Engineers (India); (ii) at least ten years' experience in design and construction of sewerage systems, sewage disposal works and water supply system, etc. (3) Two temporary posts of ASSISTANT ENGINEER in connection with the execution of the Kanchrapara Area Development Scheme. Pay — Starting pay Rs. 200/- in the scale of Rs. 150-650 per mensem plus usual adinterim increase in pay and allowances as admissible under the rules. Higher initial pay upto Rs. 400/- per mensem inclusive of adinterim increase in pay may be allowed to deserving candidates. Qualifications — (i) A candidate must possess a degree in Civil Engineering or Corporate Membership of the Institution of Engineers (India) or must have passed an examination to be exempted from Sections A & B examination of the Institution of Engineers (India) (ii) at least 5 years' experience in design and construction of sewerage systems, sewage disposal and treatment plants and water supply system, etc. For posts (2) and (3) above benefit of completed years of past services will be allowed in the shape of higher initial pay within the scale in accordance with the length of such service provided the claim is for more than five years' previous service. Particulars obtainable on and from the 22nd May 1950 from the office of the Commission, Anderson House (top floor), Alipore, Calcutta 27, personally or on sending a self-addressed stamped envelope. The prescribed application form priced at annas two available of the District Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries in West Bengal and the Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta. Persons residing outside West Bengal may obtain the form from the office of the Commission on sending the price in postage stamps.

(7830)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Professor of Geology in the grade 700-50/2-1000 with the benefit of Provident Fund plus D. A. so long as it is paid to other University employees. The applicant must have high academic distinction and should possess special knowledge of Economic Geology including Coal, Oremicroscopy, and have sufficient experience in Post-Graduate teaching and research in these subjects.

Applicants should state in their applications their age, full particulars of their academic qualifications and experience in teaching and research as also in guiding research work. The application should be accompanied by a precis of particulars to be furnished in a statement form which may be obtained from the undersigned.

Applications with copies of testimonials must reach the undersigned on or before 15th June 1950.

S. C. GHOSH,
Registrar (Offg.)

Senate House,
The 10th May, 1950.

(7832A)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT VILLE PARLE EAST SONERI ROAD:—

Under instructions from Mr. Dayabhai Chhagonlal, the constituted attorney of Mr. Shiv Dulerai Gayadin Dixit, M/s. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on Sunday 4-6-50 at 4 p. m. (S.T.) on the premises:

Firstly:— All those pieces of land now forming 1 plot with buffalo stable, messuage and structure at Ville Parle. Municipal Nos. 10, 10A, 11A, 11B area 2 acres 32-3/4 gunthas (14.653 sq. yards).

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to M/s. Ambubhai and Diwanji and Co., Solicitors or to the undersigned.

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ASSAULTING AN AMBASSADOR

Charge Against Britisher

NEW DELHI, May 17, (PTI): A Britisher Mr. J. K. Edwards, figured as an accused before the District Magistrate of Delhi, Mr. Rameshwar Dayal today on a charge of assaulting the Argentine Ambassador, Dr. Oscar Tascheret on the night of May 5-6 "without any sudden or grave provocation."

Besides the Ambassador, if he is called upon to give evidence and if he waives his diplomatic immunity the Counsellor of the Argentine Embassy and the Chilean Charge de Affairs, Dr. Marin are among those who have been cited as prosecution witnesses.

The incident, it was stated, took place at the tavern of a leading New Delhi hotel where the dance was being held.

The accused pleaded not guilty to the charge.

Mr. Edwards asked for an adjournment of the case to enable him to secure legal assistance and the case was accordingly adjourned till next Saturday.

Mr. Edwards, the notice report stated, "proceeded towards the Ambassador with a jug of water and poured it over the head of the Ambassador without any rhyme, reason or provocation as a result of which the dress of the Ambassador was drenched causing annoyance to His Excellency." The incident occurred in a New Delhi hotel.

COMMUNIST KILLERS SHOT DEAD

VIJAYAWADA, May 17 (UPI): Five persons said to be Communists who participated in the Achampet raid last month were shot dead in an encounter with the police in Nivdujerla forests near Sattenapalli on Friday last, according to a report received here.

On receipt of information that the Communists who took part in the Achampet raid had their den of guns and other valuable properties in the forests, the Special Deputy Superintendent of Police with a party of Malabar Special Police combed out the entire area.

The police party was attacked by about 30 Communists who were armed with guns and spears. The police opened fire and in the encounter that followed five Communists were killed and the rest escaped into the forest.

The police however encircled the whole area and conducted a vigorous search for the other persons but in vain.

KHAMMAMETH: Bagam Veeriah, described as notorious Communist and responsible for many murders in Motapuram village, was arrested in Erlapudi village by the military stationed at Raghunadhapalem camp.

5 KIDNAPPED BY 5 GUNMEN

SECUNDERABAD, May 17, (UPI): Five persons were kidnapped by five gunmen from village Soorvaram in Manthani Taluka, on May 9, according to reports published in the local press this morning. They included two Patels.

The gunmen are stated to have looted from a Shoukar's house 20 tolas of gold, 300 tolas of silver and Rs. 200 in cash.

Assam Road Scandal Exaggerated

SILCHAR, June 17 (UPI): Shri Ramnath Da, Minister for P.W.D., along with Chief Engineer and a member of the Fact-Finding Committee, visited yesterday the Amaranagar section of the Shillong-Silchar Road. The purpose of the visit was, it is reported, to find ont if any unnecessary expenditure had been incurred in its construction.

The Minister told newsmen that things were highly exaggerated. Contradicting all rumours he reiterated Shri Nicolas Roy's statement refuting all for charges against Assam.

Protest Against Free Imports From India

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, May 17: The recent Indo-Pakistan Trade Agreement, allowing free imports of textiles from India, is being objected to by the handloom and hosiery workers of Lyallpur, who took out a procession to protest against the import of textiles from India which, they said, had affected them adversely.

The procesion, after parading through the streets of the town, presented their demands to the District Magistrate, who promised to forward them to the proper authorities. Later, they held a meeting which was addressed by several speakers who urged the Pakistan Government to stop import of cloth from India immediately and control the prices of mill-made yarn and cloth in Pakistan.

Sec. 144 In Allahabad

ALLAHABAD, May 17, (PTI): An order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. has been promulgated in Allahabad District for two months by the District Magistrate of Allahabad.

The order prohibits processions, demonstrations, carrying of weapons and distribution of prejudicial literature. The activities of subversive elements and the continuance of communal tension are stated to be the reasons for the promulgation of the order.

TRADE DELEGATION: Under the auspices of the Punjab Muslim Trades Federation a goodwill trade delegation is proceeding shortly to India, it is learnt. A programme has been chalked out by Mr. M. K. Mir, General Secretary of the Federation in consultation with the Adviser to the Governor of the West Punjab, for Finance and Industries.

COMPENSATION FOR DISMISSAL

Sholapur Worker's Claim Rejected

SHOLAPUR, May 17. (PTI): Mr. B. S. Dingare, Judge of the Labour Court, Sholapur, dismissed an application filed by an employee of the Sholapur Spinning and Weaving Mill claiming compensation for involuntary unemployment since the closure of the mill on August 28, 1949.

The Judge said that the Central Government Ordinance assuming control over the mill had divested the Labour Court of its jurisdiction to hear industrial disputes between the company and its workers.

The Judge also found that the Central Government were not "employers" within the meaning of the term given in the Bombay Industrial Relations Act.

Examining the provisions of the Ordinance, the Judge observed that the Ordinance rendered inoperative all the important powers of the shareholders and old Directors elected under the Companies Act and of the Managing Agents. No application could, therefore, be entertained against the company under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act.

Two more identical applications, in which two other employees of the mill had sought compensation, were also dismissed by the Judge.

LIAQUAT'S DEMAND FOR U. S. ARMS

Remote Chances Of Fulfilment

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, May 17.

New Delhi has been vigilantly scanning the development in the United States, following the visit of the Pakistan Prime Minister, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan. There have been reports that there were bright prospects for the American capital flowing out to Pakistan and that America might aid Pakistan financially.

Enquiries do not support any of these assumptions. There is, for instance, no ban on private purchase of arms from the States, but the availability of arms from this source is so meagre that it could be counted out. The other alternative is for the Government of the United States to supply arms to Pakistan. As usual, Liaquat Ali Khan has been building up his case on half-truths, it is claimed here. He blamed India for defaulting in the Partition agreement in regard to the supply to Pakistan of defence stores, but conveniently omitted to mention his Government's default in payment of money as stipulated in that agreement. On basis of such information as available here it is reasonable to conclude that the U.S. Government has no intention to arm Pakistan at the expense of India.

U.S. CAPITAL

As for the American capital, both India and Pakistan have to create necessary conditions for attracting it for their development. Liaquat Ali has not offered more attractive terms than India. The treaty proposals, it is added, have been under discussion between the U.S. Government on one side and India and Pakistan on the other side. The negotiations with India have reached more advanced a stage than with Pakistan.

American aid is a matter for the American Legislature to decide. It is a long drawn process and cannot be promised arbitrarily by anyone, howsoever high an office he might hold. No such proposal has yet been envisaged.

It is however explained that economic needs of India and Pakistan are different and need of one country in dollar or technical personnel may be greater than that of the other. The basic issue however relates to the attitude of the U.S.A. towards Indo-Pakistan disputes. In this context, it is asserted here that U.S. Government would take no step which might be construed as favouring Pakistan or discriminating against India.

DELHI MAIL DINING CAR SEARCHED

Sugar, Rice And Wines Recovered

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, May 16: Great sensation prevailed here yesterday when the Railway Police raided the Delhi Mail dining car on information that the dining car was carrying a huge stock of sugar, rice and bottles of wines. The police after an elaborate search of the dining car seized three maunds of sugar and rice including three bottles of Nasik whisky. The manager of the dining car was taken into custody.

FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN ECAFE COUNTRIES

Experts Study Conclusions

BANGKOK, May 17, (PTI).

AN EXPERT study by the Secretariat of the ECAFE of eleven countries of the region—Burma, Ceylon, India, Indo-China, Indonesia, Korea, Malaya and Singapore, Pakistan, Philippines, Thailand and Japan—revealed that all of them were anxious to speed up economic development with the aid of foreign investments.

From the investor's point of view, the study disclosed that the following twelve conditions should be satisfied to provide a 'healthy climate' for investment: 1. Political stability and freedom from external aggression; 2. Security of life and property; 3. Availability of opportunities for earning profits; 4. Prompt payment of fair compensation and its remittance to the country of origin in the event of compulsory acquisition of a foreign enterprise; 5. Facilities for remittance of profits, dividends, interest etc.

6. Facilities for the immigration and employment of foreign technical and administrative personnel; 7. A system of taxation that does not impose a crushing burden on private enterprise; 8. Freedom from double taxation; 9. Absence of vexatious controls; 10. Non-discriminatory treatment of foreigners in the administration of control; 11. Absence of competition of state-owned enterprises with private capital and 12. A general spirit of friendliness for foreign investors.

PROFIT MOTIVE

As a rule, the study disclosed, that the private foreign investor was guided solely by the prospects of earning profits and not by philanthropic considerations.

Most of the laws and regulations in Asian countries despite their desire for economic development and foreign assistance, seemed to be inspired partly at least by memory of the past as well as fear of the future.

The Governments of Burma, Ceylon, India, Pakistan, the Philippines and Japan had made definite statements of policy laying down conditions under which such investments would be welcome. Most of them desired that their nationals should have a majority share in certain industries considered to be of national importance and that as far as possible, domestic capital should be associated with all foreign enterprises.

India, while it wanted foreign capital to be invested on mutually advantageous term, required that the major interest in ownership and effective control should always be in Indian hands. It would not, however, object to foreign capital controlling a concern for a limited period if it was found to be in the national interest.

India, Burma, and Pakistan had made definite statements of policy on nationalisation that it would be confined generally to the defence industries and to a few others of basic importance in the countries' economy.

In India except the manufacture of arms and ammunition, production and control of atomic energy, ownership and Management of railway transport, which were a monopoly of the state, and new undertakings in coal, iron and steel, aircraft manufacture, shipbuilding, manufacture of telephones, telegraph and wireless apparatus and mineral oils which would be state-owned, the rest of the industrial field would be normally open to private enterprise.

FAROUK'S SISTERS IN TROUBLE

Council Asks Them To Leave Husbands

CAIRO, May 17, (PTI-Reuter): The Egyptian Crown Council after a three-hour meeting decided yesterday to recommend that Princess Fathia, nineteen-year-old youngest sister of King Farouk of Egypt, be separated from her commoner husband, Riad Ghali.

They were married secretly in a civil ceremony at San Francisco last month.

The Council also decided to recommend the appointment of temporary controllers over the funds of Queen Mother Nazli and Princess Fathia.

Princess Faika, another of King Farouk's sisters, who secretly married an Egyptian consular official also in San Francisco last month, should return to Egypt, the Council decided to recommend.

King Farouk told the Council that Princess Fathia's marriage took place without his consent and that he did "everything to stop it".

The King disclosed that he had also opposed Princess Faika's marriage.

FIGHTING LOCUSTS. A regular army of patwaries, non-official members of the public and trainer staff is being formed in Rajasthan to combat on a war-footing the growing locust menace there.

HEAD-HUNTERS TO BE USED IN MALAYA WAR!

SINGAPORE, May 17. (PTI-Reuter): Two plane loads of Dyak Trackers, members of a tribe in Borneo once renowned as head-hunters, arrived in Kuala Lumpur yesterday from Sarawak for six months' work with security forces in the Malayan jungles.

The Dyaks, who were reported to have reverted to their original head-hunting habits against the Japanese in Borneo during the last war use deadly eight-foot blow-guns with envenomed darts.

Their arrival is part of a scheme to treble the strength of the civil liaison corps now operating in the jungles and is thought to be a result of a meeting between three Dyak chieftains and Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Commissioner-General for South-East Asia in Singapore last October.

JAVA MOVE TO SUE HOLLAND

The Hague Is Surprised

THE HAGUE May 17, (PTI-Reuter): Official Dutch sources expressed "great surprise" at a Djakarta report that the Indonesian Government was considering suing the Netherlands Government for 200 million guilders' damages for the part played by "uncontrolled Dutch forces" in recent risings.

An Indonesian Government spokesman had charged "uncontrolled" Dutch East Indies troops with taking part in the Ambon Island revolt to set up a "Republic of the South Moluccas" and also the lead by Captain "Turco" Westerling in West Java in January.

Bus Burnt In Singapore

SINGAPORE, May 17 (PTI-Reuter): A bus was burnt early yesterday morning by suspected terrorists. The vehicle, running from Singapore to Johore, was held up by two Chinese armed with knives who had boarded it as passengers.

They forced passengers to get out, sprinkled petrol and set fire to the bus.

THUNDERSHOWERS IN TAMIL NAD

All-India Weather

POONA, May 17, (PTI): The following is the all-India weather summary for Wednesday.

Thundershowers have been fairly widespread in Gangetic West Bengal and Chota Nagpur and occurred at a few stations in Assam, sub-Himalayan West Bengal, Orissa and Tamil Nad.

Day temperatures were appreciably below normal in Gangetic West Bengal and appreciably above normal in Assam Vindhya Pradesh, in and near Rajasthan and in Tamil Nad.

Forecast valid until Thursday evening: Thundershowers will be widespread in Chota Nagpur and local in Gangetic West Bengal, Bihar and North Orissa. Dust storms or thunderstorms are likely locally in East Uttar Pradesh and at a few stations in Vindhya Pradesh, West Uttar Pradesh and North Rajasthan. A few thundershowers are also possible in Assam, sub-Himalayan West Bengal, South-East Madhya Pradesh and in Tamil Nad.

Day temperatnres will fall in Chota Nagpur, Vindhya Pradesh and East Uttar Pradesh.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st March 1950 and departure from normal, recorded at 8-30 a.m. IST on 17th May 1950:—

Ahmedabou 104 80 0 0 minus 0.3, Allahabad 104 79 0 1.9 plus 0.9, Bangalore 95 73 1.3 minus 2.6, Baroda 101 80 0 minus 0.1, Bhavnagar 101 79 0 0 minus 0.4, Bhopal 106 83 0 1.6 plus 0.9, Bhuj 106 83 0 1.6 plus 0.9, Bombay 92 81 0 0 minus 0.1, Cherrapunji 77 62 0.1 34.8 minus 23.0, Darjiling 60 54 T 11.7 plus 1.3 Gulbargo 106 79 0 0.5 minus 1.1, Gwalior 111 85 0 0.3 —, Hanamkonda 109 82 0.2 minus 2.0, Honavar 92 81 0.1 —, Harnai 90 80 0 0.1 —, Hyderabad (Dn.) 106 80 0 0.1 minus 2.0, Indore 103 77 0 0.2, minus 0.1, Jaipur 109, 78 0 0.7 minus 9.8, Mahabaleshwar 84 71 0.8, 4.6 —, Jabalpur 108 75 0 1.4 plus 0.3, Khandwa 108 82 0 0.4, plus 0.1, Kodaikanal 71 56 0 6.3 minus 3.9, Kolhapur 97 69 0 0.4 —, Kurnool 105 78 0 0.7 minus 0.8, Mahabalshwar 84 64 0 0.3, minus 1.3, Mangalore 91 79 0 0.4 minus 2.7, Mussoorie 74 61 0 4.3 minus 0.4, Mysore 92 72 0, 8.1 plus 2.2, Ootacamund 74 59 0 2.1 minus 6.1, Pachmarhi 98 79 0 0.8 minus 0.4, Patiala 107 81 0 1.3 —, Poona 97 70 0 1.6 plus 0.7, Rajkot 105 77 0 0 minus 0.3 Shillong 73 57 0.8 12.3 minus 1.3, Sholapur 104 76 0 0.5 minus 0.5, Simla 76 63 0 4.6 minus 0.6, Surat 92 81 0 0 minus 0.2.

No 'Intaglio Process' For Our Currency Notes

NEW DELHI, May 17 (PTI): The Government of India have decided not to make any changes in the present printing currency notes.

Announcing this, a press note issued by the Finance Ministry says that a committee had been set up in December last to consider proposals put forward by a British firm for an improved process of printing currency and bank notes under a process called "the intaglio process." The Committee which included a representative of the firm met in Bombay under the chairmanship of Dr. K. G. Ambegaokar, Secretary, Finance Ministry, from April 25 to 28.

The British firm had advocated adoption of the proposal on the grounds of greater security, improved appearance and attractiveness and also its being in vogue in a majority of the countries.

The majority of the committee members held that improved and attractive appearance was not sufficient ground for a change in process since the present process was by no means unattractive. The committee also held that the present process was forgery proof and that the new process would only mean "a further advance in the direction of super-abundant caution."

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

RETIREMENT AGE OF TEACHERS

Rules Approved

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Government of Bombay has approved of rules to be adopted by recoginsed non-Government secondary schools for fixing the age of superannuation of teachers employed under them.

According to these rules, a secondary school teacher will retire on attaining the age of 55 years and no person who has already attained the age of 55 years will be employed as a secondary teacher.

However, the maagement of a secondary school has been empowered to grant an extension of service for a period not exceeding one year at a time until the teacher attains the age of 58 years and in exceptional cases until he attains the age of 60. A teacher who has completed 60 years of age will not be continued in service under any circumstances.

These rules will not apply to life members of societies who are not in receipt of any remuneration. In their case, the sole criterion will be whether the person concerned is mentally and physically fit to discharge the duties of his post.

Car Thief's Dash Ends In Four Hurt

BARODA, May 17, (PTI): Four persons were injured last evening when a man drove wildly through the streets of the city in a car that did not belong to him.

The man who boarded a parked car and drove it rashly was, however, pursued by the police and stopped after a chase of about a mile.

Opening Tomorrow—FRI. 19th
VOICE OF MODERN MAIDENS.....
New Light Films' Musicomedy.
RAMOLA, VASTI, Amar, Protima, and MUBARAK
Maang
Direction: SAGHIR
MINERVA (Adv. 10 to 12) Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30. Sun. 12-30
STAR, Mazgaon
VYANKATES, V. Parle

NARGIS & DILIP KUMAR
in RANJIT'S
JOGAN
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30
Booking 10 to 8
LIBERTY

A NATION'S GLORY
PICTURISED in
FILMISTAN'S
Great Battle for Freedom
SAMADHI
9th WEEK AT ROXY
Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30

GOSSIPMONGERING EXPOSED!!
Shadi ke Baad
AT CENTRAL
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. Mat. 12-30
Plans open 10 to 12; 4 to 6

KISHORI PLEADS NOT GUILTY

Says She Was Fond Of Nadkarni

BOMBAY, Wednesday

IN her statement before Mr. Karl J. Khandalawala, Additional Sessions Judge, Greater Bombay on the evidence tendered against her in the Nadkarni Murder Case, Kishori Alladatta, alias Hamida Begum stated that it was true that that she was on very friendly terms with Dattatraya Nadkarni, and that whenever he visited her at her residence he shared the same bedroom with her.

"I knew Nadkarni for about a year," accused stated, "and we were really very fond of each other."

Prior to Kishori making her statement, Rampalsingh Narendrasingh who has been charged with culpable homicide not amounting to murder, taking his stand before the court, denied the allegations made against him, saying that the deposition of witnesses for the prosecution was false. He maintained that the witnesses had been tutored by the police to give evidence against him.

He denied having assaulted Naukarni on the night of February 8, 1949, and subsequently having thrown him down near the driveway of Kishori Court. Rampal said that he had not told witness Francisco Rozario to say that Nadkarni had slipped and fallen downstairs, as he was one of the persons who had carried Nadkarni from the driveway where he had been lying and taken him up to the first floor.

The accused alleged that Inspector Huzur Khan of the C.I.D. had offered him immunity if he turned approver and gave the inspector a sum of money. Rampal said that he could not give the police officer the amount the latter had demanded but had offered a sum which did not satisfy the inspector, and he was therefore chargesheeted.

Accused added that if Nadkarni had mentioned his name in connection with the injuries sustained by him, the police should have confronted him with the statement of the deceased, when the latter was in hospital. With regard to the opinion of Dr. Baliga to the effect that the injuries sustained by Nadkarni were of a nature more likely to have been caused by an assault than by a fall, Rampal said that Dr. Baliga was Nadkarni's family doctor and was likely to make such a statement.

The accused claimed to be an educated man who knew the penalty for committing the offence he had been charged with and he could not have been guilty of such a crime.

NO REASON

Stepping into the witness box, Kishori said that her real name was Hamida Begum. She pleaded innocence, saying that she knew nothing about the alleged incident or how Nadkarni came by his injuries. She said that she was on intimate terms with Nadkarni and could have no reasons for instigating her servants to assault him.

On the night of the incident she said there was a dancing party at her flat at which four guests were present. After the party she retired to bed, while Nadharni and her sister were chatting. In the morning when she awoke she heard a commotion downstairs, and was told that Nadkarni had fallen down. This was the first that she heard about his conditions. She saw Mohan her servant giving Nadkarni some water and thinking that the vessel used was dirty, she asked Mohan not to use that vessel.

Kishori admitted that Nadkarni sometimes paid the servants their wages.

However, she denied that she was on terms of intimacy with Tulsidas Khaitan and that she had instructed Francis to let no one come into the pink room when she was with him. Khaitan was a friend of Nadkarni and he came with him.

CASE ESTABLISHED

Opening the arguments for the Prosecution, Mr. B. M. Mistry, pleaded that the Prosecution had established its case against the accused. According to law there was no obligation on the prosecution to show a motive for the crime. The deed was there, it spoke for itself.

"If you (the Jury) disbelieve the eye-witnesses, then there is an end to the prosecution case. If you believe the evidence before you then there is no necessity of proving a motive.

"This is not a case of circumstantial evidence", Mr. Mistry continued. "It is a case of direct evidence, and from the facts the motive can be inferred."

Counsel then reviewed the life at Kishori Court and also the prosecution evidence.

Pointing to Kishori, Counsel went on: This lady sitting before you, meek and silent is not the Kishori of February 1949. At that time she was a landlady, and a hotess, conducting singing parties, with friends, admirers and lovers. She maintained pink rooms and green rooms. She employed two secretaries, what documents did they write? She had a retinue of eight servants all this, besides Nadkarni and Khaitan!

DARK DEEDS

"The injuries on Nadkarni's body were either caused by a throw or a fall. If Nadkarni had fallen from the balcony why could he not gain admission into the flat through Kishori's door? Why had he to get in surreptitiously? If the doors were locked upon him there was obviously a quarrel. Dark deeds done by dark minds under irrational impulses cannot be read. Little quarrels between husbands and wives are tided over in ordinary homes. Here it has flared up. When the deed was done no servant was awake. I cannot bring before you the positive conversation which took place between the three accused."

Counsel argued that none of the servants employed at Kishori Court had come forward to give evidence in the trial because they were afraid of losing their jobs if they talked. However, the staircase story was not at all abnormal to them. It was only natural for witnesses to point out different spots to indicate where Nadkarni was found. Only the mali could give the exact location of the place where Nadkarni was lying.

MEANT TO SCARE

On the night of the incident Kishori's attention was glued elsewhere than on Nadkarni, Mr. Mistry said. He referred to the ring which Nadkarni had returned to Kishori and said that it indicated rejected love. The clothes of the deceased were thrown out. This showed that Nadkarni had to leave the place. There was obviously a quarrel between Nadkarni and Kishori, and the assault was not meant to kill him, but merely to scare him.

Referring to the statement of the first accused, Jagdishkumar, to the effect that he was living at Dadar, and was not present at Kishori Court on the night of the incident, Counsel pointed out that it was easy for him to have called two witnesses to testify to this effect on his behalf, although it was not incumbent upon him to do so.

Further prosecution arguments will be resumed tomorrow.

Mr. B. M. Mistry, instructed by Mr. S. R. Vakil and Mr. R. D. Chadha, appeared for the prosecution

Messrs. E. B. Ghaswala, J. M. Gandhi, Y. S. Morudkar and R. P. Vacha appeared for Kishori, while Mr J. Gidwani with Mr. K. L. Gauba and Dr. P. N. Daruvala appeared for Jagdishkumar and Rampalsingh.

SERVANT RUNS AWAY WITH RS. 200

(From Our Coresspondent)

KALYAN, May 16: Mr. Vishwanath Sadashiv Tawate, a merchant of Kalyan has lodged a complaint in the Kalyan City Police station that his servant Sultan Mohammad Tamoli has ran away with an amount of Rs. 200 from the shop. He says that he has paid the amount to bring betel leaves baskets from Byculla but he never returned.

Kalyan Home Guards Messrs. Powar and Bhambani have arrested one Krishna Shivaram Pardeshi an alleged notorious illicit liquor debar in the city and handed over him to police. It is stated that Pardeshi and his companions were exporting the illicit liquor in the cycle and motor tubes and were caught red handed.

The same home guards also arrested five Muslims while carrying beef from Kalyan to Bombay. It was a regular practice of these Muslims, it was stated to city where Laxman got a job in a grinding mill. Laxman gave out that Yamunabai was his sister. Police getting scent of the whole affair arrested them and they are now in police custody.

LANDING STRIP IN NALGONDA

Construction In Record Time

SECUNDERABAD, May 17 (UPI): A landing strip has been constructed in the disturbed district of Nalgonda within the record time of fifteen days. Similarly, nearly 400 miles of fair weather road have been laid in Huzurnagar, Miyalguda, Syriyapet and Nalgonda talukas. The Construction of these roads was completed in a short time with the co-operation of the villagers

TODAY'S RADIO

THURSDAY, May 18.

Air News From Delhi

English—8 a.m., 1-30 p.m., 6, 9; Gujerati—8-45 a.m., 1 p.m., 8-15, Hindustani 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. 6-10, 9-15 Kannada—7-45 a.m.; 7-45 p.m. Malayalam—7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m., Marathi—8-30 a.m., 12-50 p.m., 8; Tamil 7-15 a.m., 2 p.m. 7-15; Telugu—7 a.m., 1-50 pm. 7.

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee, 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram, 7-45 N. P. Vaidya-Gujarati songs. 8-15 Azmat Husain Khan-Desi. 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari. 12-50 N. P. Vaidya-Gujarati Geet. 1-40 Rhythmania, 5 Hindi by Radio, 5-20 Maithili Sheshadri-violin solo, 5-30 Wonderland, 6-10 Shriniwas Khale-Khayal Purvi, 6-30 G. L. Supnekar-vocal music, 6-45 Suman Dandekar-Puria, 7 Topic of the Day, 7-10 Local Announcements and weather report, 7-20 Shriniwas Khale-Tilak Kamod. 7-30 N. P. Vaidya-Light G songs, 7-45 Kamgar Sabha, 8-30 Vignan Ane samanya prajajan. Talk in Gujarati by a Doctor, 8-45 Aanandnu Mrutyu—produced by AIR, 9-15 Maithili Sheshadri-violin solo, 9-30 songs from films, 10 Shanti Seldon-Piano.

VARIATIONS

8 a.m. Ponnu Swami Mudaliar-Gottuvadyam solo, 8-45 Suman Dandekar, 5 Hindi by Radio-Hindi lessons in Marathi, 6 Tarana Gauri by Air Artist 8-15 G. L. Supnekar—light Marathi Songs, 9 M. H. Nadgir-light Kannad songs, 10 Azmat Husain Khan-Behag Naat.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Bhakti Bhav, 7-45 Summary of programmes for today and tomorrow, 7-50 Mahendra Chokshi-Geet, 8-15 Sagar Mistry Bhairaon, 8-30 S. Khan—Sarangi Par Lalit, 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad, 6-10 Madhav N. Natu-Bhimpalas, 6-30 Programme for rural listeners, 7 K. L. Saigal, 7-15 Talk in Gujarati, 7-30 M. S. Khan Sarangi recital 7-45 M. N. Natu-Bhopali, 8 Mahendra Chokshi-Kalapi, 8-10 Local announcements and weather report, 8-30 Phool Chab, 9-30 As in Ahmedabad.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Ramkumar Rajpriya-Bhajan, 7-40 Geet Gurjari, 8-15 V. S. Atre-Bhiravina Tappa and Taran, 8-30 Ramkumar Rajpriya, 5-30 p.m. V. S. Atre-songs, 6-10 As in Baroda, 6-30 Lest we forget, 6-45 Shashikant Gundani, 7 p.m. Indulal Gandhi and Kolak, 7-15 Talk in Gujarati, 7-30 Local Programme, 8 Local announcements and weather report, 8-5 Sulochana, 8-30 V. S. Atre, Sulochana, 9-30 Gurjarrang—Musical feature devised by Bapu Doctor.

B. B. C.

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE: 7 a.m. Music in Miniature, 8-15 Stock-Taking, 8-45 BBC Opera Orchestra, 10 Programme Parade, 10-10 Bill Savill, 10-30 BBC Midland Light Orchestra, 11 Sports Review, 11-15 Listeners' Choice, 11-45 Music from Grand Hotel, 1 pm. Listeners' Choice, 1-30 The Animal World, 2 Sandy MacPherson at the Theatre organ, 2-15 Merchant Navy Newsletter, 2-30 Souvenirs, of Music, 3 BBC Northern Orchestra, 3-45 We All Have to Talk, 4 Jack Nathan, 5 The Cathedral Organs, 5-45 Pavillion Players, 6 Books to Read, 6-15 British Masterpieces, 6-45 Music Magazine, 7-45 Continuous Music, 8-45 Souvenirs of Music, 9-15 Special Dispatch 9-48 Listeners' Choice, 10-30 Taxing Around with Herbert Hodge.

EASTERN SERVICE: 7-30 p.m. Tamilosai—A Tamil Magazine Programe, 8 Behnon Ki Khidmat Men, 8-15 Sunne Ki Baten, 8-30 Sabras.

CITY & SUBURBS

Today's Engagements

SCOUT & SCOUTERS OF CHIEF JAMATKHANA: Scout Camp Fire at 8-30 p.m.

THE ASTHIKA SAMAJ: Discourse by Mahopadesaka Acharya Somadeva Sarma, at 5-30 p.m., on '18 Puranas".

BOMBAY BAN ON BUTTER EXPORT

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Government of Bombay has issued a fresh order banning export of butter by rail, road, sea, river, or air from the State of Bombay as now constituted, to any place outside it, except under a licence granted by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay, or the Milk Commissioner, Bombay.

No such licence is, however, required for the removal of butter not exceeding 5 lbs. in weight as part of one's personal luggage or baggage by a 'bona fide' traveller.

Previous orders which have now been superseded prohibited export of butter outside the limit of the Province of Bombay as constituted before the merger of the States.

This order has been published in Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette, Extraordinary, issued today.

Fire In Secunderabad

SECUNDERABAD, May 17, (UPI): Several houses on Musheerabad Road inhabited by the Harijan community were destroyed by a fire last evening. Over 60 persons were rendered homeless and destitute.

SKY SCRAPPER: Karachi's first sky scrapper which is being planned for the staff of the State Bank of Pakistan will now have 14 storeys instead of 11. More storeys are being added to provide extra housing accommodation for the staff.

The Pulse Of The City

HYPNOTISED: Geetabai Vasant Kodpe a middle-aged flower-seller, while proceeding towards Bhuleshvar came auross a "beggar" who asked for two annas as alms. She refused. Proceeding she met another person who reprimanded her for refusing alms to, what he called, the favourite desciple of Haji Malang, the Pir, and gave her two annas to hand them over to the "beggar". Due to some inexplicable reason the woman said she handed over to the "beggar" not only the two annas but also all hers ornaments worth about Rs. 9,000. When she later came to her senses and realised what she had done she found the "beggar" as well as the other person mising. On Tuesday night the woman lodged a complaint with the Princess Street Police Station.

EXTORTION: Prabhakar Ramchandra Lohugankar was involved in a cheating case. Vali Mohammed Ali Mohammed promised to get the case compounded in case the former would give him Rs. 600. The matter was reported to the A.C.B. who trapped Vali Mohammed. He was sentenced to four months' R.I. and fined Rs. 1,000 on Wednesday. Mohammed Yusuf who was charged with aiding and abetting the crime was, however, acquitted.

MYSTERY BEING SOLVED: Two years ago a woman after living for 19 years with her husband left him due to estranged relations and went to her father's. Her father received her coldly and later drove her out. She returned to Bombay, stayed with her cousin and desperately tried to secure a job but failed. This it is reported, disturbed her mental state and on December 18, last year, she was reported missing. Police guess that the tale of this woman bears connection with the case of the woman whose decomposed remains were recently extricated from a manhole near Kalachowki Police Station. Post mortem results will throw some light on the mystery.

ARRESTED: Four office-bearers of Kamini Metal and Engineering Workers' Union were arrested, Tuesday, under Public Security Measures Act. About 1,000 workers of the Union are on strike since April 9 protesting the high handed policy of the management in not conceding their demand of higher wages.

MURDERED IN COLD BLOOD: Purshottam Lele, an accountant at Goldsmith Pedhi due to frequent attacks of fever was rendered incapable of earning his livelihood. His wife, Yamunabai, therefore, had to look for sustenance herself. She came in contact with one Laxman with whom she grew intimate. In the last week of November, 1949 the couple went back to their native place at Ratnagiri accompanied by Laxman. One night Purshottam Lele beat his wife for being too intimate with Laxman. Yamunabai at this took a large stone and hurled it right at the head of her husband who died on the spot. Yamunabai and Laxman then returned

DELIBERATE AFFRONT: Abdul Nazir who recently hurled a slipper at Mr. G. K. Rege, was sentenced, Wednesday, to two years' R.I. The Magistrate held that the act was a deliberate affront to the dignity of a court of justice.

CHILD KILLED: Molly Noronha, aged four, was fatally injured when part of the terrace of a four-storeyed building, near Victoria Gardens Road collapsed. The father of the girl who was also injured is in the hospital.

POSED AS POLICEMEN: Two armed men who posed as policemen accosted Ashgarali Adamji at Bhuleshwar. They accused him of being involved in several crimes and took him to Mumbadevi where four others, also dressed as policemen, joined them. One of the pretenders ordered search of the merchant for 'some incriminating evidence'. They relieved him of his fountain pen and a wallet containing Rs. 65 and fled away. Police are invetigating the case.

PROHIBITION CRIMES: Large quantities of wash and illicit liquor were seized by the Borivli Police Station during the week-end.

ADJUDICATION: The industrial disputes between the Hind Cycles, Ltd., the Indian Hume Pipe Co., Ltd., the Wolverhampton Works, Co., Ltd., the Syntetic (India) Ltd., Messrs. Volkart Brothers, and the Premier Offset Works and the workers employed under them have been referred for adjudication to the industrial tribunals.

BEWARE: An inter-provincial cheat going under various aliases including B. S. Puri and P. N. Varma has been operating in city. This man poses as a Government of India official in company with a person dressed as a Government peon. He approaches his intended victims with a forged railway pass to show that he is an official from the Transport Department. Having thus gained other people's confidence, he purchases large quantities of miscellaneous merchandise for which he passes bad cheques. Commercial firms, business houses and hotels are, therefore, warned to be on the look-out for this person, who should be handed over to the police, whenever noticed.

BOGUS FIRMS: Two persons of a mushroom firm, allegedly trading in engines and heavy machinery, have suddenly vanished closing up their premises and the firm. These persons had their premises at Gunbow Street. The firm offered for sale various types of engines which were supposed to be actually in transit from the United Kingdom. The firm having collected large deposits from prospective buyers against delivery of these engines suddenly closed up its premises and the partners absconded. They are wanted by the police

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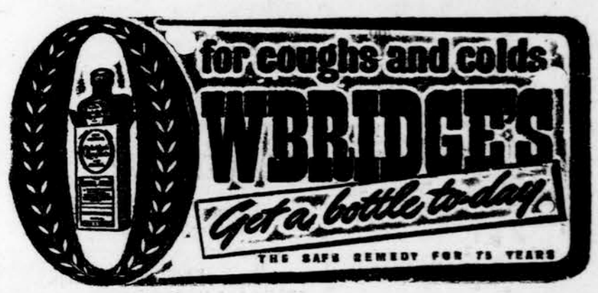

The Bombay Chronicle

THE SOCIALIST CHARTER

An opposition party, which has no chance of being returned to power in the near future, can afford to be extravagant in its manifesto. The less realistic it is, the more chance it has of attracting public attention by sheer bravado. Since Independence, Socialist luminaries have taken on themselves the task of pointing out where the Congress falls short of public expectations. Some of them have gone to the extent of asserting that the Socialists were better followers of Gandhiji than the Congressmen themselves. Unhindered by any responsibility of office, the Bombay State Socialist Party, at its first conference, at Poona, have drafted a fifteen-point charter of freedom to build a new society and new civilisation. The Socialists hope to achieve their objective, among other things, by reduction in the disparity of income with the ceiling of income at Rs. 1,000, and the floor to be steadily raised to Rs. 100 a month, abolition of landlordism without compensation, nationalisation of British interests, nationalisation of banks and insurance companies and progressive nationalisation of and democratisation of key industries. The conference has called upon all Socialists to rally round the banner in "this hour of peril to freedom and democracy", either to compel the Government to adopt the charter or to enable the people to change the Government. The Conference is conveniently silent about the methods it proposes to adopt to compel the Government or to enable the people to change the Government. Perhaps this vagueness creates an illusion that the Socialists have a secret weapon in their armoury to achieve this end.

Sitting in judgment over the political situation, the officially sponsored resolution states, "The gains of freedom are being frittered away and a pall of frustration and cynicism is setting over the people. Hiatus between the pledges of the party in power and the performance of the Governments have steadily grown". Strangely, whatever may be true on the credit side, the Socialist Conference is diplomatically silent over what the Congress has done during the last two years to consolidate freedom in the country. Except for the unfortunate conditions we inherited out of partition, even the worst critics cannot deny that the Congress has given law and order to the major part of the country and has battled successfully with the economic crisis born out of war. There have been shortcomings and mistakes but not deliberate and, for all the evil forebodings of the enemy at home and abroad, the country has been put on the way of recovery. One would like to know what the Socialists have done to help in this delicate initial stage to nurse freedom. If we are to believe rumours, a share in responsibility and power was offered to them but they chose to remain out and indulge in destructive criticism and exaggerated claims.

Coming to their fifteen-point charter of freedom, it is unrealistic and a sop to the general public. Take, for example, their resolve to reduce disparity in incomes. No one would quarrel with the proposal to raise the floor of income to Rs. 100. The Congress too has plans to raise the standard of living but it knows it cannot be done unless there is industrialisation and all-round increase in production, not to say anything about getting rid of inflation first. But to fix the ceiling at Rs. 1000 is pandering to the illiterate masses. Many, of the Socialist leaders' earned and unearned income comes to more than that. By fixing the ceiling so low, the masses are not going to be profitted much but it will only smother private enterprise and initiative. The standard of living too would be much lower than in other countries. Other points in the programme like better irrigation and roads, co-operative land cultivation, land to the tiller are already on the Congress programme and have made fair progress. In the tradition of peaceful revolution followed by the Congress, the Congress have decided to give compensation to the Zamindars. Only those who want violent reaction, will quarrel with it. The Socialist suggestion for the creation of a land army is worth trying out and, if successfully handled, should aid the 'Grow More Food" campaign immensely. There is nothing to stop the Socialists from making common cause with the Congress on this issue. About the proposal for nationalisation of banks and insurance companies, even Britain, with its Socialists in power, have not been able to implement it. If there is to be a peaceful change over to Socialism, all these will have to wait till the Government has the essential personnel to run them efficiently. The suggestion for nationalisation of British interests, commercial, industrial and financial, is also out of place in view of the fact that the country needs foreign capital, technicians and experts to put it on the right lines. With proper safeguards, foreign concerns in India can give an impetus to many new industries which we may not be able to start on our own for sometime, leave alone nationalising them.

The Socialist charter is also concerned about defending and enlarging "shrinking" civil liberties. As usual with critics, it ignores the responsibilities of freedom and thinks only of the privileges. One regrets to say that the Socialists have not used their influence with Labour wisely during the past three years. There have been too many trials of strength and showdowns. With the demand for increase in wages has not come the assurance that production will at least be maintained, if not increased. Workers have not been told what their responsibilities are. Much good will be done to the country if the Socialists concentrate on organising labour on genuine trade union lines and not mix party politics with it. Diversions in shape of lightening strikes, walk-outs, processions may serve to bring the party momentarily into the limelight but they will not serve labour interests in the long run. It is a pity that Socialists are still meandering along the paths of unpractical politics. It is time, they shed some of their frothy, unsubstantial revolutionary zeal and set themselves up into a sober opposition party with a concrete and down to the earth programme.

The Delhi Ministry

The main selections for the reconstituted Ministry at Delhi are complete with the inclusion of Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and Mr. Sri Prakash. The portfolios have yet to be distributed and the refusal of Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant has created some doubt as to Rajaji's assuming charge of External Affairs as was earlier suggested. The U. P. Chief Minister's attitude is baffling. Not very long ago, he referred to himself as a soldier who had to go where duty called but subsequently he seems to have developed greater assertiveness and decided not to leave his place in the U.P. The precedent thus established is not a very healthy one. It is one thing to refuse an invitation from the Centre in the early stages of sounding but, once that has been passed, there should be no withdrawal afterwards. Evidently the men who asked Pandit Pant to join the Central Ministry, were led to think that there would be no difficulty in his accepting the offer. Their plans have been upset at the eleventh hour and it is clear that the calculations regarding a key position have been set at naught. It would be unfortunate, however, if the reorganisation of the External Affairs Ministry which had originally been intended is held up by the necessity of finding a Finance Minister to replace Dr. John Matthai who has resigned. It would be better to try to persuade Dr. Matthai to remain for some time longer than to throw both ministries in the melting-pot by any last-minute adjustment. It would be desirable if the Prime Minister, who has done so much for building up the international status of India, were relieved of the day-to-day work of administering the External Affairs Ministry, the policy of which has been soundly laid. Such a step would relieve the Government of considerable embarrassment and bring the Ministry into the right perspective. The question of filling the Finance portfolio will still remain. There is no one in the Cabinet today who can be regarded as specially suited to take on this responsibility, and, if necessary, an extra Minister might be taken on for the work. It must be remembered that the new Ministry at the Centre is not a Cabinet selected for a limited period or a definite task but one which justify itself by its achievements before the next elections. Considered in this light, many of the members are likely to be weak spots which will need to be carried by the more efficient members. It is all the more important that in the key ministries there should be men of initiative and imagination

Thought For The Day

Philosophy consists not in airy schemes or idle speculations; the rule and conduct of all social life is her great province.

—THOMSON.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

LAKE SUCCESS, May 16. (PTI-Reuter): Czechoslovakia's chief United Nations Delegate, protesting against Russian interference which made his country "no longer independent" tonight quit his post and refused an order to return home.

He declared: "By submitting my resignation, I wish to protest most categorically before the whole world against the methods which are being applied in eastern European countries contrary to the interests of their population under the pressure—I regret to state—of the Soviet Union."

* *

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan at a luncheon by the Commonwealth Club of California: "Had the same principles of accession been applied to the six hundred odd other princely states in the Indo-Pakistan sub-continent Kashmir would long ago have been part of Pakistan and there would have been no problem today."

He didn't mean, did he, the principles applied to Junagadh's accession to Pakistan?

* *

Speaking in Guntur, Professor N. G. Ranga, President Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, says a report, strongly criticised the un-co-operative and indifferent attitude of the Madras Government towards the various helpful suggestions made by the Andhra P.C.C. in the matter of tackling the Communist menace and providing protection to the villages.

So the debate, so to speak, still continues.

* *

In a reply to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia says: "The fact remains, in these materialistic times, that, more often than not, charities are made with a purpose and a motive and contribution to no charitable fund is an exception to this universal failing of human nature."

We are deeply impressed. And, by the way, do we take this as yet, another confession concerning this time, Sattiji's noisy contributions to refugee relief charitable funds?

* *

LONDON: British Prime Minister, Clement Attlee today described the British(?) Commonwealth as a "unique organisation ...."

It certainly is a unique organisation. Where else can one find a Malan being democratically welcome and even supported by the Attlees of the Commonwealth?

* *

The Twelve Foreign Ministers of the Atlantic Pact nations are reported to be discussing a Super Atlantic Union organisation with a civilian at the head.

An American civilian, of course. By the way, how many states currently constitute the USA?

* *

Mr. Trygve Lie, who met the Kremlin Big Boss on Friday, said in reply to questions by reporters that he would not comment on his interview with M. Stalin and M. Molotov.

Comment would have been so futile?

MIND OF MAHARASHTRA

By Observer

AN OUTSTANDING event in the political world of Maharashtra this fortnight was the holding of a conference of Congress workers at Akola, a small town on the borders of the Nagar district on the Nasik side. Held under the auspices of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee and attended by two ministers of the Bombay Government, it was remarkable for a free and frank expression of views.

The venue of the conference was well chosen. It is in this area that the Communists have been particularly active. Across the border, in the Nasik district, where in the hilly tracts life is hard and the rayats very poor, their propaganda had been until very recently continuous and effective. In the Nagar district itself, Akola, Sangamner, Sneogaon and Parner are still hotbeds of Communism. Owing to the presence now of a larger police force, their devilish work of sabotage is on the decline but their underground propaganda is not. It is to stem this mischief that the Akola conference devoted its principal attention. The Home Member spoke to the workers in a forthright manner. I have it from one of the audience that the pill of remonstrance which he administered was swallowed with good grace by those who felt that their political activity as Congressmen had not reached the standard expected of them. The trouble with the Congress organisation in Maharashtra is that its propaganda activity is carried on only by fits and starts, although the executive is full of drive and ideas and there is no paucity at all of political workers.

How will it face them the task ahead, the difficult task of establishing the Congress in the mind of rural Maharashtra, as the one organisation which has done a good deal in the sphere of economic and social amelioration of the masses? In our smaller towns and villages the Congress worker finds that an appeal to his audience to remember the hard fight which the Congress put up to win independence does not carry much effect. What interests them is the triple question of sustenance, shelter, and security.

POINTS OF ATTACK

It is on these grounds of high food prices, higher rents and generally harder conditions of life that the orators of the Peasants and Workers Party attack the Congress—and get away with it. That continuous abuse pays was demonstrated in the results of the election to the Gram Panchayat at Angar, a hamlet near Mohol in the Sholapur district. There the Congress could not win a single seat, the workers and Peasants secured all the thirteen. The more educated the electorate the greater the chances, of course, of Congress success. In East Khandesh, in the district local board elections, the Congress success was 92 per cent. In the Sarvodaya movement the Congress has an excellent means of educating the masses to a higher level of political understanding and civic responsibilities. It is surprising that there should be such a small number of these centres. Perhaps when the women workers take up such work the activity will be more resolute and more continuous. The Women's Conference at Nandurbar is a measure of their enthusiasm for it.

GOOD MOVE

It is a good move on the part of the Bombay Government to take off the presence restrictions on cotton? growing in Khandesh. It was the one territory in Maharashtra where the peasant found it very hard to curtail cotton cultivation in favour of the Grow-more-food campaign. It was in this area that the equation between money-crops and food-crops was found very difficult to maintain. The Khandesh agriculturist was not willing to forego the much higher prices which an abundant cotton-crop yielded him, in favour of the food-crop which the Government expected him to raise. The penal clauses of the Grow-more-food Act had to be stringently applied in this case. The result has been that more than thirty five per cent of the land which was under cotton was turned over in Khandesh to the production of food-crops. Now, not only will matters revert to their original position but if the department of agriculture in the State of Bombay is encouraged to pursue research in regard to bringing into cultivation a tract about three hundred miles in breadth and twenty-five in width, lying at the base of the Satpura hills, it is expected that part of this virgin soil will be able also to grow long staple cotton.

INTENSIVE WORK

Both as regards the production of a better variety of sugarcane and an easily marketable variety of cotton, intensive research work in rural Maharashtra will yield ample results. Until now the State has benefited from the production of the sugarcane crop and its conversion into a valuable commodity. The cane-cess yields the State more than fifty lakhs annually. If the cotton crop is promoted vigorously not only at the base of the Satpura hills but in Nagar and Sholapur districts and a policy advocated by which local cotton-mills should have the first option of buying locally produced cotton, the process will benefit not only the rayat but also the industrial worker.

It is good news that this year the authorities have been alive to the need of helping the farmer in raising a better cotton crop. Ten years ago the district of Nagar had one lakh thirty-five thousand acres under cotton-cultivation now the figure has gone down to twenty-six thousand acres. This question of increasing the orbit of cultivation of a commodity so vital to our clothing needs has been taken up again by the authorities. The farmers in Nagar will have now enough quantities of Canadian cotton seed, sixty-five hundred pounds of it being earmarked for this district. Seven hundred acres of cotton land will be fed through the Godavari canal while the Pravara canal will irrigate about four hundred acres.

I give these figures to indicate how much rural Maharashtra will benefit if short-term irrigation projects, which can be completed by the Provincial Government itself without a dole, from the Centre, are worked out with an eye to advance our food needs and our industrial needs in a happy equation. There was no necessity at all to restrict cotton-farming in the Nagar district so ruthlessly with the hope that it will produce food-crops. Now at least the area round Shevgaon, Patharli and Nevasa with its renewed facilities for growing cotton-crop, will give full employment to its workers who will not be tempted then to listen to Communist advice. It is significant that in the Nagar district in areas where agricultural unemployment was acute, Communist activity was abundant.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Railway Parcels

In a city newspaper, there appeared a letter entitled "Railway Parcels" in which certain allegations were made about the pilferage of goods sent by rail. The writer of the article was Shri R. N. Rajan.

There is an underlying assumption in the letter that misdemeanour can only be on the part of the railway staff. A definite statement is made that goods are so dexterously pilfered in transit as not to leave any sign of apparent damage. It is difficult to visualise circumstances pertaining to the G.I.P. Railway where either goods or parcels are left in any one individual's charge for sufficient time for him to dexterously pilfer a consignment in such a manner as to leave no trace that the original packing had been interfered with. It is not denied that some cases of pilferage do occur whilst goods are in transit, but more often than not there are signs that this has occurred and when it is brought to the notice of the railway staff before delivery is effected, it is customary to have an inventory taken so that the exact extent of pilferage can be determined before the consignment is removed from the railway premises.

At all times the Railway Administration takes reasonable precautions to ensure that goods in its possession are accorded safe transit. Unless goods arriving at destination show signs of having been tampered with, there is no reason for parcels to be weighed before delivery is effected. If, however, there is a difference in weight which cannot rightly be attributed to slight variations in scale weights, "open delivery" is granted when the contents are checked with the sender's original beejuck. This practice can hardly be described as absurd, and in fact it is fair to the railway administration and its customers who entrust their goods to it for transit.

—S. P. HARAN,
Publicity Officer, G.I.P. Railway.

Offensive Smell

Every suburbanite, who has to travel by the locals, is more or less compelled to hold his kerchief before his nose, while the local passes certain points. Let it be Mahim creek of Ghatkopar Nala, between Chinchpokali and Currey Road or on the harbour line a number of latrines are very near the lines and that stinky water can be seen passing through the gutters adjoining the lines. My landlord informs me that he is not allowed to construct the latrine near the Agra Road. Is it not essential to draw the attention of landlords or factory owners who build latrines very near railway lines and thus create nuisance to a number of travellers? Planners of Greater Bombay may please look into the matter and discourage the new factory-owners or landlords to build latrines very near the lines.

—L. D. DIXIT.

Cotton Control

Although Cotton Control without any check on Kapas price has proved a failure in practice, a few supporters of Government Policy (who evidently believe Government can never be wrong) argue that Cotton Control is necessary in the interest of the cloth consumer.

The same people, however, conveniently ignore that a large part of cheap cloth made from the undervalued Indian Cotton is allowed to be exported in order to earn Foreign Exchange to facilitate imports of foreign cotton at twice or thrice the price of Indian cotton to which are added import duty, excise duty, sales tax etc., and how this pyramid of costs benefits the Indian cloth consumer beats commonsense.

Such expressions of lip sympathy in the face of the gross exploitation of the cloth consumer leaves one aghast.

PUZZLED CONSUMER.

Displaced Persons

Not the least of the inflictions imposed on us is the necessity of listening to people telling us what we need. We have voices and we can express ourselves. We have lost much in our coming over. The land with which we were familiar is now forbidden to us and we are asked to make our homes amongst people who, for all their many virtues, look askance at us and attribute all their present troubles to our presence. If we tried to mingle with the rest, we shall not be allowed to do so. And it is not our fault, not all of it. What we are asking for is the right to live full lives, as citizens of the Indian Republic, contributing our bit to the public weal. Remember in our own land we could, had things turned out otherwise, have contributed our share to Government and Industry and communal living. We have left because that is no longer possible there. Can we not have a chance here at least? Under the democratic system, it will be one generation at least before we gain the confidence of the people here. But would you deny the country the right to have the use of our talents such as they? That they are different from anything you all may contribute, makes them the more valuable. I appeal to the public and to those who make opinion amongst them, to give us a chance. We shall more than repay the generosity. I read the other day that in Canada the persons who have been taken in from Europe, have given a great impetus to Canadian industry. I am sure that that too will be the case if there is a more helpful attitude. In fact, despite the difficulties, it is already being done in many ways.

—H. K. A.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Exodus To Poona

The reported partial exodus of the Government of Bombay with effect from the first week of June next for about five months to Poona, is a revival of a time-honoured tradition, which was established by British bureaucrats, who found the weather of Bombay from May on intolerable. This was an imitation in the provincial sphere, of the larger exodus of the Central Government from sizzling Delhi to the cool heights of Simla every summer. It has to be remembered that, in those days when the Congress was just a party in opposition to the Government and not the Government itself, this practice came in for harsh criticism on the ground of undue extravagance. Circumstances, at least as far as the financial position of Bombay, are concerned, have not altered to any degree so favourably that our Government can now afford this luxury, even if there are other reasons to support such a measure. Nor can it be forgotten that in the Ministry itself, this move has not received unanimous support, for it is learnt that Mr. Morarji Desai, Home and Revenue Minister, and three other Ministers, are staying here and will proceed to Poona only when the Bombay Legislative Assembly convenes in September. One would like to know what expenses are involved in this partial exodus of the Ministers along with a skeleton staff.

Economy And Expense

It cannot be forgotten that the shifting of the staff, even of a small number, necessarily implies the payment of extra allowances and contingent charges. It was made clear by Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister, in his last Budget speech, that drastic economies were inevitable to balance the State Budget, and one of the major suggestions made by him, was that all "unnecessary" travelling and other contingent allowances, must be immediately stopped. The payments which the Government will have now additionally to undertake, on account of the shifting of staff, viewed from this angle, seem to be a direct contradiction of the spoken word of the Finance Minister. Nor can the Government be very happy at the prospect before them, of the need to retrench nearly seven thousand of their employees within the next twelve months. But, this step has been regarded as a necessary and unavoidable evil, and the recommendations of the Retrenchment Committee are already being implemented with effect from June 1, by the discharge of about 500 employees of the rationing department. Considering all these factors, we cannot but feel that the proposed move of the Government from Bombay to Poona at this juncture, is ill-advised and inconsistent with the measures of economy on which Government have already embarked.

Algierian Incident

According to an Algiers report, police have arrested Ban Balia Mohammed Ban Embarek "alleged chief of a semi-military nationalist organisation". The police state that the arrest is connected with a three thousand pound post office robbery at Oran several months ago. The police charge may or may not be correct. Sometimes political organisations that are "illegal" and pursued by the authorities resort to what is called political robbery to replenish their coffers and carry on their work. The significance of the report is in the fact that there does exist a Nationalist organisation in Algeria which is out to win political freedom at any cost. If it is 'semi-military' and indulges in violent methods, it is almost directly due to Franch policy. The French are determined to deny freedom and independence to their Arab "colonies" in North Africa. The Arab response is an effort to offer organised challenge to this determination. The French implement their determination by extensive repression and suppression. The Arab reaction is "semi-military" violence. It is all a matter of action and proportionate reaction. And it all arises out of the opposition to a "colonial" people's very just aspirations to national independence.

C. I. O.'s Challenge

On paper and in theory the American Government and the people of America are against colour discrimination and accept the principle of human equality regardless of colour. In practice the U.S.A. still remains the land of discrimination between White and Negro and American Governments always prefer discretion to courage when it is a question of translating principles into practice. The situation in this respect is revoltingly scandalous in the Southern States. No one has so far challenged the south on this issue. Now, however, comes the news that the Congress of Industrial Organisation has taken the plunge. According to a Washington report it has banned all Negro-White segregation in the south of the United States or elsewhere on properties owned or leased by the Union. The CIO is a powerful labour body but it will need a great deal of internal and external strength to sustain the assault on the citadels of anti-Negro fanaticism. It has forced the issue which is a proof of and a tribute to a splendid courage of moral and human convictions. But it will need support in this fight—and it is going to be a big fight—from others especially the other Labour organisation, the equally powerful but more conservative American Federation and even more especially from the Government of the United States. For once and at long last, the racial issue has been forced on the practical. If the C.I.O. receives the support it deserves its challenge will succeed. Once non-segregation becomes an actual fact in one organisation, the principle of segregation will be broken and racialism will collapse in the south. It will be a historic victory—provided the CIO does not retreat and provided it is reinforced and supported.

FUTURE OF S.-W. AFRICA

Legal Right Of Malan To Change Status Questioned

THE HAGUE, May 17. (PTI-Reuter).

DR. IVAN KERNO, United Nations Assistant Secretary-General, today ended his two-day marathon speech to the International Court of Justice here on the problem of the future status of South-West Africa.

The Court, has to decide whether South Africa has the legal right to make the mandated former German colony a fifth province of the Union or in any other way change its status instead of carrying out the United Nation's decision to have it brought under the International Trusteeship Plan.

South-West Africa is the only former mandated territory that has not either become an independent State or been the subject of a trusteeship agreement under the United Nations charter.

The General Assembly has recommended the later course but, to this, South Africa has so far not agreed.

On the question of competence to change the present status of the territory, Dr. Kerno showed three alternative legal positions: If an obligation exists to place it under the trusteeship then the United Natious charter is the internationally-agreed substitute for the former league of nations covenant.

In the mandate and its obligations are no longer in force, either South Africa can unilaterally end or modify the present status, or the right of disposing of the territory reverts to the chief allied and associated powers, or the United Nations can represent the international community instead of the League and end or modify the mandate.

If the Court holds that the mandate is still in force, then the competent authority to modify the status of the territory could be either South Africa as the mandatory power, the original Allied Powers, or the United Nations as the successor of the League regarding mandates.

In any case, whether or not the mandate is in force, the court will have to consider whether the modification of the status is to be brought about by agreement.

President Progressing

NEW DELHI, May 17. (PTI): The President's condition continues to be satisfactory, according to a Government House communique issued this evening. Further rest is required for him to recover his strength, the communique says.

AVERAGE DEBT OF FARMER IS Rs. 200

Conditions In Indian Village

NEW DELHI, May 17. (PTI): A report of the sample survey into agricultural conditions in another village, Dorwan in Bihar, shows that an agricultural worker's family spends nearly 50 per cent more than the average annual income of about Rs. 444, and the average debt amounts to about Rs. 200 per family.

Nearly 85 per cent of his expenditure is on food and that too mostly on cereals and pulses. Sugar and vegetables account for 1.5 per cent, while spices and salt take 2.4 per cent of the expenditure. Milk and ghee are rarely used while meat is taken only on ceremonial occasions. Expenditure on clothing accounted for 4.9 per cent. Only Rs. 13 or 2.2 per cent is spent on fuel, lighting and house-rent. Expenditure on miscellaneous items like, pan, supari, tobacco and drinks, etc. takes about Rs. 51 or 8.3 per cent.

Dorwan is a zamindari village in the sub-division of Dinapur in Patna District.

At the time the inquiry was conducted, the population of the village was 496, of which 168 were adult men, 151 adult women and 177 children. There were 89 families, of which 82 or 92 per cent were agricultural and 7 or 7.9 per cent were non-agricultural 63 were tenants cultivating the leased land, while the remaining 19 families were of agricultural workers. Of these, 18 families had each a strip of land usually granted to the farm lands.

The holdings were uneconomically small. Nearly 44 per cent of the holdings were below 2 acres, 25 per cent between 2 to 5 acres and 16 per cent between 5 to 10 acres, only 14 per cent of the holdings were 10 acres and above.

The income of the agricultural worker's family was Rs. 444.4 per annum.

The agricultural worker worked for 154.7 days, of which agricultural work alone accounted for 151.5 days and other subsidiary occupations 3.2 days.

Renewed Hopes For Jap Peace Treaty

U. S. DEFENCE CHIEFS TO MEET MACARTHUR

WASHINGTON, May 17 (PTI-Reuter).

THE United States Defence Secretary Mr. Louis Johnson and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, General Omar Bradley, are going to Tokyo for talks with General MacArthur, Supreme Allied Commander there.

This announcement has aroused hopes for an end of the split in the United States Government over proposals for a Japanese peace treaty.

The question is whether the Allied powers should go ahead with the early negotiation of a peace treaty irrespective of whether or not Russia co-operates.

General MacArthur is understood to favour going ahead with the treaty. The Joint Chiefs of State are believed to be opposed to it on the ground that it would weaken the security of the United States and the non-Communist powers in relation to any threat of Communist aggression in the area.

UNPOPULAR

General MacArthur and the State Department are understood to hold the view that the continued occupation of Japan is bound to become increasingly unpopular with the Japanese people.

They are said to believe that a Japanese Government might have difficulty later in agreeing to permanent military bases in Japan unless concessions are made now to the Japanese desire for a peace treaty.

GOL GUMBAZ BEING REPAIRED

Second Biggest Dome In The World

NEW DELHI, May 17, (PTI): The three-hundred-year-old "Gol Gumbaz"— the world's second biggest dome—at Bijapur is undergoing extensive repair at an estimated cost of Rs. 225,000 under the supervision of the Archaeological Department, Government of India, it is learnt.

Supported by thick steel bars the 215-ft. dome, which is famous for its "whispering gallery-effect" was once repaired in 1937 when it was made water-tight by gutting it form the top.

The mausoleum was built by Mohamad Adilshah, the seventh Adilshahi King, at the ancient Vijaypur of Solanki kings.

The repairs of the "Gol Gumbaz" which are being conducted by expert engineers and archaeologists are expected to be completed before the end of this year.

The Archaeological Department, which is planning a large-scale preservation programme has also undertaken the conservation problem of the famous temple of Konark (Sun God) in Orissa.

The Government of India have recently appointed a nine-man committee to go into the conservation problem of this 700-year-old temple, situated on the shores of the Bay of Bengal, 21 miles form Puri.

The temple for its "stupendous size and exubrance of achaeological details" is said to have no parallel in India.

The Daily Trek

CALCUTTA, May 17, (UPI): During the past 24-hours 7,758 Hindus and 2,909 Muslims arrived in West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by rail and 3672 Hindus and 4163 Muslims left, says a Government press note.

By air 139 Hindus and 66 Muslims arrived and 41 Hindus and 87 Muslims left.

GAUHATI, May 17 (PTI): Pandit Nehru has definitely decided to visit Assam immediately after his tour of Indonesia, it was reliably learnt.

The date or programme of Pandit Nehru's visit is not settled yet, but it is expected that he will come here by the end of June.

Stop Press

MAJOR 'QUAKE SHOCK

PASADENA (California), May 17 (PTI): A major earthquake occurred 4,800 miles north-west or south-west of here at 12.58 G.M.T. today, California Institute of Technology Seismologists reported. The area is near the Bonn or Ogasawara Islands, a group of 15 volcania islands 600 miles south of Tokyo which formerly belonged to Japan.

KING FAROUK'S ULTIMATUM

CAIRO, May 17 (PTI-Reuter): King Farouk has given his mother Queen Nabli 60 days to return from America and face Egypt's Crown Council in defence of the secret marriage of his nineteen-year-old sister, Princess Fathia to an Egyptian commoner, newspapers here said today.

MRS. PANDIT

NEW YORK, May 17 (PTI-Reuter): Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador to the United States, will receive the honorary degree of doctor of laws from the University of Kansas and from the Washington University of St. Louis early next month.

CHINESE LANDING

LONDON, May 17, (PTI-Reuter): Chinese Communist troops today landed on Chusan Island, about one hundred miles south of Shanghai, which was evacuated by General Chiang Kai-shek's Nationalists over the week-end, according to a New China News Agency message received in London tonight.

DR. KOKATNUR SCHOLARSHIP

Move By Indians In New York

NEW YORK, May, 17 (PTI-Reuter): Indians in New York have decided to raise a fund to establish a scholarship in India in memory of the late Dr. V. R. Kokatnur, well-known chemist, who died from a heart attack here last month.

At a meeting under the presidency of Mr. Gobind Bihari Lal, a writer on scientific subjects, tributes were paid by Indians and Americans to Dr. Kokatnur's devotion to science and his work in the industrial and technical fields.

Besides being an inventor of repute, Dr. Kokatnur was a member of the United States chemical warfare service in which he held the rank of Captain. He became an American citizen some years ago.

Mr. Lal said he and Dr. Kokatnur were among the first six Indian science scholars who came to the United States in 1912 for Post-graduate studies.

They were selected under what were known as the Guru Gobind Singh scholarships. Dr. Kokatnur's rise had been rapid Mr. Lal said, and the United States Government as well as industry had recognised his attainments by assigning important scientific jobs to him.

FLOOD THREAT TO WINNIPEG

Sand Bag Dykes Weakening

WINNIPEG, May 17, (PTI-Reuter): Sand bag dykes protecting Winnipeg and suburbs from the flood waters of the Red River are showing signs of weakening, a high city official said last night. A 24-hour patrol has been ordered.

Flood headquarters said about 8,500 people had left the city on Monday by rail, plane, bus and car, bringing the total of evacuees close to 90,000—one quarter of the normal population of the sister cities of Winnipeg and St. Boniface and their low-lying suburbs.

Six of greater Winnpeg's 75 square miles are now under water.

CONGRESS PANCHAYAT BODIES AT KALYAN

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN: May 16: All the twelve Congress Effective and Qualified members who have filed their nomination forms have been returned unopposed for all the Congress Panchayat Committees at Kalyan. Now there will be no elections for the Congress Panchayats at Kalyan. It is understood that altogether four Congress Panchayat Committees will be formed at Kalwan each containing three members and the following are the members who returned unopposed.

Congress Panchayat Committee Ward No. 1: Shri Kanji Govind Kerson, Shri Abibsaheb Rohe and Shri Pranbhai V. Thakkar. Congress Panchayat Committee Ward No. 2: Dr. V. W. Padke, Shri V. V. Subba Rao and Shri M. R. Patwardhan. Congress Panchayat Committee Ward No. 3: Shri Purshottamdas Mulji Patel, Shri M. G. Bhave and Shri Nagarbhai V. Prajapati. Congress Panchayat Commitee Ward No. 4: Shri Ratilal, Shri Dee Master and Shri Abdul Haq Mulla.

SERETSE IS HOME

SEROWE, May 17, (PTI-Reuter): Seretse Khama, exiled Chief-designate of the Bamangwato tribe, arrived here during the night to visit his English wife Ruth and the daughter she gave birth on Monday.

Seretse, whom the British authorities banned from the tribal territory for five years, was given special permission to drive the 250 miles from Lobatsi to Serowe as soon as his wife entered hospital.

More Food In Kashmir

SRINAGAR, May 17 (PTI): Efforts to increase food production in Kashmir have made considerable progress in terms of bringing fallow land under productive cultivation. It is learnt that the Government expects an increase of one lakh rupees in land revenue through increased cultivation under grow more food and "nautor" (cultivation of fallow land) by individual cultivator.

NO EXAMINATION: It has been decided to cancel the entire matriculation examination held at Barh centre this year.

A communique says that all the candidates of the same examination will have to appear at the supplementary examination.

Jamming Of Radio Broadcasts Condemned By U N

MONTEVIDEO, May 17 (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations Sub-Commission on Freedom of Information and of the Press yesterday condemned the jamming of radio broadcasts and other interferences with the free flow of information across national boundaries.

A resolution proposed by Vice-Chairman Caroll Binder, Foreign Editor of The Chicago Daily News, was adopted by 8 votes, the French, Egyptian and Yugoslav members absatining.

Russia did not vote, the delegate having walked out.

The resolution must now be studied by the Economic and Social Council meeting at Geneva in July for transmission to the General Assembly which meets at Lake Success in September.

WORLD COURT OF HUMAN RIGHTS

Australian Move Rejected

LAKE SUCCESS, May 17, (PTI-Reuter): The Human Rights Commission has decided not to obtain the opinion of the International Law Commission on the subject of establishing an International Court of Human Rights. Creation of a court is one of the items on the agenda of the Commission.

Mr. F. H. Whitlam, of Australia, proposed that the International Law Commission "study and report" on the proposals, including that of submission of petitions by individuals and non-governmental organisations.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta, India, supported the Australian proposal. The United States, Britain and several other countries, however, thought the proposal "premature" pending the formation of a policy and the Australian proposal was rejected by eight votes to five, with two abstentions.

NO DEFINITION OF 'INFORMATION'

UN Leaves It Vague

MONTEVIDEO, May 17, (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations Sub-Commission on Freedom of Information and of the Press decided here yesterday that they did not want to define the word "information".

On a majority vote they resolved that any definition could cause some nations to use it as an implement for restricting press liberties.

The definition proposed by Mahmoud Azim of Egypt was: "Information consists of facts and opinions for publication in all media, particularly press, radio and film, for the purpose of revealing facts, helping to promote the moral and cultural development of humanity maintaining good relations between nations and spreading the concept of peace throughout the world".

A counter proposal, stressing the latent dangers of such a definition was supported by India, Britain, the United States, the Philippines, China, and the Lebanon.

Russia did not vote, the Soviet delegate having walked out.

U. N. Eritrea Commission Chief Resigns

GENEVA, May 17, (PTI-Reuter): Dr. Carlos Garcia Bauer of Guatemala has resigned his post as President of the United Nations Commission for Eritrea. It was announced here yesterday.

He stated that he could not continue to preside over a Commission the majority of whose members repeatedly took decisions contrary to "the Commission's rules of procedure and to the established traditions of the United Nations, to which I as President have always strictly adhered".

The presidency of the Commission rotates weekly among its five members—Guatemala, South Africa, Pakistan, Norway and Burma.

Planning Staff To Meet Red Threat, Dulles Advises

NEW YORK, May 17. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. John Foster Dulles, special United States State Department adviser last night called for establishment of a high level American planning staff and a supreme allied military command to counter Soviet moves in the "cold war."

In a speech here He declared that although during the war "the true nature of soviet Communism was obscured" the United States had now recognised "the evil" and was trying to deal with it.

The republican foreign affairs expert was speaking at an anniversary dinner of International House, New York — residential and social centre for foreign students, under the presidency of General George Marshall, former Secretary of State.

"We have little effective coordination with our allies", he asserted. "It is painfully difficult to get unified action that is timely."

ASSOCIATING SPAIN WITH ATLANTIC PACT

Portugal Expected To Make Move

LONDON May 16 (PTI-Reuter): An attempt to associate Spain with the Atlantic Pact is likely to be made during the current conference here of the 12 treaty powers, some delegation circles predicted tonight. As the Foreign Ministers met for the second day of momentous defence and economy talks, these sources forcast that Portugual would plead her neighbour's cause. The Portuguese delegation and Embassy here have so far declined to comment.

The British Labour Government has consistently opposed the idea of admitting Spain to closer contact with the Western powers in face of arguments here and in America that her strategic position in Europe warrants it.

Improvement In DP Traffic

DACCA, May 17 (PTI): The Provincial Relief Commissioner Mr. N. M. Khan told a press conference here that "the improvement recorded previously in the refugee traffic is being fairly maintained."

The number of Hindus coming back daily to East Bengal from India was about 4,000. An equal number of Muslims also continued to pour in every day in the Province. The Relief Commissioner said htat the State Bank of Pakistan had made special arrangement for the exchange of currency at important points on the border.

The East Bengal authorities had also reported to West Bengal the whereabouts of four women who were said to have been abducted in this Province.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, May 17.

Previous closing	31.18
Today's opening	31.22
Difference	+.04
Today's closing	31.39
Difference	+.21

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, May 17.

Stosk Exchange opening prices:
Anaconda Copper Mining 32 7/8.
General Motors 85 7/8.
U. S. Steel Common 32 1/2.
U. S. Steel Pref 143 3/4.

Treasury Bills

During the week ended the 12th May 1950, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 10,91,75,000 (Rs. Ten crores, ninety-one lakhs and seventy-five thousand only) were sold in favour of the Reserve Bank of India.

'CONSOLIDATE FREEDOM'

Sardar's Plea To Congress Workers

ON BOARD I.N.S. DELHI, May 17 (PTI): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, India's Deputy Prime Minister, received this morning a batch of forty Congress workers on board India's flagship "Delhi" and spoke to them about their duties and responsibilities in the country's new set up.

I.N.S. "Delhi", which left Cochin yesterday afternoon carrying Sardar Patel anchored a mile off Karwar this morning for two hours. Later, it proceeded on her way to Bombay, where she is due at eight a.m. on Thursday.

Speaking to the Congress workers in Hindi, Sardar Patel told them that it should be their constant endeavour to consolidate the newly-won freedom, strengthening the Congress organisation and bringing about a greater coordination between the Government of India and the people.

The Congress workers who came on board the ship, included Mr. V. T. Magadi, Secretary of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Commitee, Mr. H. R. Moharay, Member of the All India Newspaper Editors Conference and Mr. B. N. Datar, a prominent Congress worker.

Mr. Datar, speaking on behalf of the Congress workers assured Sardar Patel that all people in Karnataka were solidly behind the Congress. He also appealed to Sardar Patel that the recent resolution of the Congress Working Committee giving the Mysore Congress Committee an independent status, should be reconsidered and that the Mysore Congress should not be separated from Karnataka.

As at Calicut yesterday and even this morning at Karwar, Commodore G. Barnard, Commander A. K. Chatterji and other officers were present throughout the meeting personally supervising the microphone, seating and other arrangements.

FREEDOM FROM FEAR

"There is trouble and turmoil all over the world which is suffering from a sort of fear complex. Even the United States of America, the wealthiest of all nations and the foremost world-power today suffers from that complex. They are afraid of the peace of the world being disturbed and are devising means of defence. No country, therefore is free from fear. We should not give way to such fear.

"As I have often told you, death is better than the fear of death itself. Every man dies once after all but the man who is afraid dies every moment, When we fought freedom's battle, we learnt the lesson of self-sacrifice. Why should we unlearn the lesson now? After all, we shall all share the country's happiness and prosperity.

"Communists and Socialists say they will equalise wealth but where is the wealth to be equalised? If we divide the wealth of India today, it would only mean that we shall be a shade less poor, but that does not mean that we shall abolish poverty. We must increase our wealth in order that we can distribute it amongst all.

NEHRU'S VISIT TO TRAVANCORE

Scheduled To Leave On May 31

TRIVANDRUM, May 17 (PTI).

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister, is visiting Travancore-Cochin State in a fortnight.

Pandit Nehru is expected to arrive in Trivandrum on May 31 by air. An hour after his arrival the Prime Minister will leave for Cape Comorin by car. He will return to Trivandrum the following morning.

The next day he will address Congress workers in the morning and a public meeting at the University Stadium in the evening.

The Prime Minister leaves Trivandrum on June 2 for Ernakulam in the morning. He will address Congress workers there and later inspect the harbour and the naval base.

After addressing a public meeting in the evening Pandit Nehru will embark for Indonesia.

Reservation Of Seats Permissible

LUCKNOW, May 17, (PTI): The Government of India, it is understood, have informed the U.P. Government that reservation of seats for any community in the local bodies would not come into conflict with the provisions of the new Constitution.

The State Government some time ago had sought the advice of the Centre on the issue relating to reservation of seats for Scheduled Castes in the local bodies.

To implement their earlier decision of abolition of reservation of seats for Muslims in local bodies, the U.P. Government, it is learnt, would shortly consider the question of amending the present laws of local bodies. Reservation of seats for Scheduled Castes will however, be maintained for the present.

State Trading Committee

NEW DELHI, May 16, (PTI): The State Trading Committee set up by the Government of India under the chairmanship of Dr. Punjab Rao Deshmukh, will meet in Bombay in the second week of June to sign its report before submitting it to Government.

The Committee has been holding its sessions here for the past four days to finalise its report.

The Committee was set up last year to make recommendations on the feasibility of the State undertaking trading in regard to imports and exports.

WASHINGTON: The State Department has rejected as "complete and utter nonsense" Russia's claim that Persia was using American experts to take arerial photographs of the Persian-Soviet border.

45,000 BALES OF TEXTILES TO BE EXPORTED FROM HERE

CALCUTTA, May 17, (UPI): The Government of India, in terms of the India- Pakistan trade agreement, are now issuing licences to merchants for export of 50,000 bales of cotton textiles, fine and superfine, and 5,000 bales of yarn of 40 counts and above to Pakistan.

Of the total quantity of cotton textiles and yarn to be exported to Pakistan 5,000 bales of cotton textiles and 1,250 bales of yarn will be exported from the Calcutta Port and the rest from the Port of Bombay.

It is felt in Calcutta cloth trade circles that in view of the prevailing scarcity of cotton textiles in Eastern Pakistan, the quota fixed for export through Calcutta Port should have been much higher and if it was not raised large quantity of the quota fixed for Western Pakistan would probably be re-exported to East Bengal by Karachi merchants.

Sydenham College Exam. Results

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The following candidates have passed the Sydenham College Diploma Examinations in Accountancy and Secretarial Practice held in April 1950. Bhandarkar S. R. Gopinath P. Krishnan Y. Nayak R. N. Pai N. N. Rizvi S.W.A. Shah C.G.

The following students have passed the Sydenham College Diploma in Accountancy only held in April 1950. Menon G. C. Amonkar S. N. Asher P. G. Bhat P. K. Daftary G. T. Desai N.A. Fernandes U. J. Gaing M. O. George C. Kulkarni R. V. Menda I. L. Merchant R. I. Nimbkar R. V. Parikh R. A. Ramaswamy V. Sachindranath K. P. Samant D. G.

The following students have passed the Sydenham College Diploma in Secretarial practice only held in April 1950. Berde V. H. Mathur R. N.

NO EVICTION ORDINANCE: The "no eviction" ordinance, which the Punjab Government has promulgated, will have no effect on Socialist-sponsored satyagraha in the Punjab, it is learnt.

MAZGAON RESIDENTS' GRIEVANCES

Taluka Congress Committee Sets Up Office

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Mazgaon Taluka Congress Committee has set up an office to attend to the civic grievances of the residents of Mazgaon. All complaints concerning civic affairs, etc. may, therefore, be handed over to Shri Vairagi, President of the Taluka Congress Committee at the Committee's office at Hatheebaug, Love Lane between 9 and 11 a.m. and between 4 and 7 p.m.

KHER'S TRIBUTE TO LATE LATTHE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"I am deeply grieved to hear of the sudden death of Shri A. B. Latthe. He was my colleague in the first Ministry which the Congress formed in Bombay, and very ably handled the difficult portfolio of Finance" says Shri B. G. Kher, Chief Minister of Bombay, in a statment issued to the Press.

"He was frank, fearless and outspoken and had a lovable character. He made himself very unpopular over the Karnatak separation question but never flinched from speaking out what he felt was the proper course. I send my condolence to his sons and widow", adds Shri Kher.

DEATH IN A WELL FOR TWO

CALCUTTA, May 17. (UPI): Death due to asphyxia is reported of two persons today in Salkia area of Howrah Town.

It is stated, one Subodh Chandra Patra (30) got down into an old well in Sambhu Haldar Lane, in Salkia for some repair work and when he did not come out, his friend Dhaneswar Jashoda went down for his rescue and met with the same fate. The fire brigade and the police rushed to the scene and brought out the dead bodies

BRITAIN EAGER TO AID SOUTH-EAST ASIA

'Split' Rumours Denied

LONDON, May 17, (PTI-Reuter).

A TREASURY spokesman last night declared that Britain realised fully the urgency of aid for South-East Asia and was "as anxious as anyone to make a practical contribution without delay."

He was clarifying the position of the British Government in view of reports that there was a split between the Commonwealth countries over aid to South-East Asia at the conference now sitting in Sydney, Australia.

Britain deplored any suggestion that she was putting the brake on proposals by Australia or other Commonwealth countries which contemplated immediate aid, he said.

For a considerable time the policy of helping South-East Asia has been a primary concern of the British Government which had, in fact, made substantial contributions towards economic relief since the war, he went on.

Sometimes the total amount of money spent in the area in that period was put as high as 750 million sterling.

Direct and indirect aid to Burma since the war had been approximately £ 80,000,000 million and Britain had "committed" something like £ 125 million to rehabilitation in Malaya.

FOR GOODS

In addition, countries of South and South-East Asia had since the war been able to finance, in sterling, payment for goods and services—other than those paid for by their current exports — to the extent of several hundred million pounds from their accumulated sterling balances. This would apply to India, Pakistan, and other countries.

Britain also had the closest interest in assisting the policies of India Pakistan and Ceylon as well as Malaya to raise the economic standards of their people.

Nevertheless, the British Government's policy was to take the realistic view that there is no purely short-term solution to the problems of under-nourishment and under-development in these territories.

In Britain's view the chief purpose of the Sydney conference was to lay the practical foundations of a realistic programme of economic development in Sout-east Asia. The Treasury spokesman said that the kind of programme the British Government had in mind would be continuous would start immediately and would gather momentum quickly.

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Sago is rich in carbo-hydrates which supply "fuel" to the body. It is easily digested, and your children will love this pudding! Soak ½ cup of sago for 1 hour. Flavour 1 cup of strained thick gur syrup with dry ginger and ½ teaspoon of salt. Cook syrup and sago till clear. Rinse vessel with cold water and pour in sago to set. Next, boil ½ cup of gur with 2 tablespoons of Dalda. Add 3 tablespoons of water. Remove from fire and add 2 tablespoons of juice of lime. Turn out sago from vessel, pour syrup over, and sprinkle with nuts.

Food made in Dalda keeps its flavour, and is delicious hot or cold. Being a pure vegetable fat, Dalda is best for prolonged frying—it allows foods time to cook properly right through.

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SISTA'S-J-259

DEWES AND SHEPPARD PUT ON 343 RUNS FOR FIRST WICKET

Record Partnership Against West Indies

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY'S MAMMOTH TOTAL OF 507 FOR 3

CAMBRIDGE, May 17, (PTI-Reuter).

JACK DEWES, the England left-hander, and David Sheppard, 21-year-old Sussex player, today put on 343 for the Cambridge University first wicket against the West Indies—a world record partnership against the West Indies and the highest in history for the Cambridge first wicket.

At the close Cambridge had run up the big score of 507 for three. Dewes was at the wicket for four hours 40 minutes and hit 19 hours. Sheppard went on to make 227 in six hours and a quarter with 21 fours.

The tiring West Indies bowlers, toiling on a featherbed wicket, came in for further cavalier treatment from G. Doggart. the Cambridge captain, who obtained 9 fours in his 71 and helped Sheppard put on 144 in 90 minutes. Both these batsmen left in one over by Williams. Goddard got the other wicket.

Cambridge won the toss and decided to bat first on a dry wicket in overcast weather when their match against the West Indies opened here today.

TEAMS WERE:

CAMBRIDGE— J. Dewes. D. Sheppard, G. Doggart, P. May, A. Rimell, M. Stevenson, T. Wells, J. Warr, O. Walt, P. Killand, H. Donman.

WEST INDIES: Goddard, Stollmeyer, Worrell, Weekes, Trestrail, Christiani, Williams, Jones, Johnson, Ramadhin and Valentine.

Dewes and Sheppard, opening the innings, made the highest opening stand so far against the tourists, bringing the score to 129 by lunch without being parted.

Dewes scored skilfully all round and Sheppard, after a less aggressive start, scored steadily with well-timed cuts and occasional drives.

The bowlers got no help from the pitch, and some of the ground fielding was far from sound. Swift running between the wickets by Dewes and Sheppard brought full value for every stroke.

Dewes reached fifty-two in eighty-five minutes and the hundred went up ten minutes later. Sheppard got his fifty in an hour and fifty-five minutes. At lunch neither batsman had made a serious mistake.

Dewes and Sheppard, scoring freely, set up a new record for an opening stand against a West Indies touring team.

Bringing the score to 301 for no wicket by tea, they passed the previous best of 286 by R. Hudson and C. Hamilton for the army against G. C. Grant's 1933 side.

Although Goddard tried eight bowlers the batsmen always seemed at ease on the easy wicket.

Dewes hit hard all round the wicket and completed his century in two and a half hours. Sheppard, less venturesome, took three hours and three-quarters over his hundred. The pair sent up 300 in four hours 20 minutes, and when tea was taken one run later Dewes was 163 not out and Sheppard 133 not out.

Deurs and Doggart went on to share a world record stand for any wicket against the West Indies by putting on 343 to beat the previous best of 311 by John Newman and the Honourable Lionel Tennyson for the Hampshire sixth wicket in 1928. In addition, the stand was the highest opening partnership ever recorded in Cambridge cricket.

Dewes was at the wicket for four hours 40 minutes, hitting 19 fours, before he was caught. Sheppard made his 227 out of 488 in six hours and a quarter with 21 fours.

Doggart then lashed the tiring bowlers, hitting nine fours in his 71.

SCORE BOARD
CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY
(1st Innings)

Dewes c Weekes b Goddard	182
Sheppard c Trestrail Williams	227
Doggart c and b Wiliams	71
Ray not out	13
Rimell (not out)	7
Extras	6
Total (for 3 wkts.)	507

Many Allround Performances

COUNTY CRICKET

LONDON, May 17.

OUTSTANDING batting and bowling feats were commonplace in all the first-class cricket matches which began today.

The best bowling performance in the county matches came from Harold Butler, the 37-year-old Nottinghamshire and former England fast bowler who came into his best form at Nottingham and by taking five wickets for 37 runs helped to dismiss Leicestershire for 187, the lowest total of the day.

He was ably supported by Arthur Jepson with his fast medium deliveries and the Leicestershire batsmen found runs hard to get against this keen keen attack. Jepson took took 3 for 67.

Another fine bowling performance was that of D. B. Carr, the Oxford University leftarm slow who took six Lancashire wickets for 39. His full analysis were 10.3 overs, zero maidens, 39 runs, six wickets.

The highest scorer in the county matches today was Dennis Brooks, The Northamtonshire stylish and consistent bat, who made 166 not out for his county against Kent at Northampton.

Brooks carried his bat throughout the innings of 347 without giving the semblance of a chance. At times he scored rather slowly but his painstaking cricket was well worth seeing and a five and 14 hours were his main hits. He took three hours and 50 minutes to reach three figures.

Doug. Wright, England leftarm legbreak bowler, turned the game round to a large extent near the end of the day by taking five Northamptonshire wickets for 11 runs after over 50 had been scored off him before he took a wicket.

The following are the cricket close of play scores:—

AT LORDS: Glamorgan 242 (Gray rightarm fast medium five for 60) Middlesex 67 for one.

AT OXFORD: Lancashire 341 (G. Edrich 147, Howard 64, Carr left arm six for 39) Oxford to bat.

AT NOTTINGHAM: Leicestershire 187, Nottinghamshire 112 for one (Winrow not out 67).

AT BRISTOL: Yorkshire 404 (Wilson 139, Wardle not out 52, Cook leftarm slow seven for 146), Gloucestershire 40 for zero.

AT WELLS: Somerset 214, Surrey 123 for three (Fishlock not out 68).

AT HOVE: Sussex 292 (John Langridge 135, Perks rightarm fast medium five for 81). Worcestershire 54 for two.

AT BIRMINGHAM: Warwickshire 213, Essex 111 for six (Horsfall 51).

AT NORTHAMPTON: Northamptonshire 347. (Brookes not out 166. Wrightarm medium legbreak five for 62) Kent to bat.

Delhi Hockey League

NEW DELHI, may 17, (PTI): In the Delhi Hockey League this evening New Stars beat Railway clearing by one goal to nothing. Trilok Singh scored the solitarygoal.

This Year's Derby The Richest Ever

LONDON, May 17, (PTI-Reuter):— The 1950 Derby will be the richest in the long history of the big classic which was founded in 1780. ... ...

The gross value of the Derby will be £20.130 as against last year's value of £17,125. ... ...

The value to this year's winning owner will be £17,110/10/- as against £14.245 last year.

The owner of the second will receive £2.013 and the owner of the third horse £1,006/10/-.

Today's final forfeit stage showed that 36 of the original 372 entries have paid the £100 final acceptance.

AGA KHAN'S ECLAT WINS NARROWLY

Smirke To Ride Khorassan In The Derby

YORK, May 17, (PTI-Reuter): The Aga Khan's Derby candidate Eclat today won the Rambleton three-year-old Stakes over one mile here, but with only a head to spare over Stromboli in a field of six.

Eclat, starting 11 to 10 favourite, was ridden by Charlie Smirke.

Smirke said: "I shall not be able to decide definitely whether I ride Eclat or Khorassan in the Derby until the week-end, when the two horses will be galloped together."

After Smirke has made his choice of the two horses, the Aga Khan can exercise his prior claim on Gordon Richards to ride the other.

Later Smirke said "Ishall ride Khorassan in the Derby". Marcus Marsh, Eclat's trainer, said "I have still to discuss with the Aga Khan whether Eclat runs in the Derby. At present plans are undecided".

MIRACULOUS ATOM WINS YORKSHIRE CUP

YORK, May 17, (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Harry Halmsshaw's Miraculous Atom won the Yorkshire Cup run over two miles here this afternoon. Mr. H. Blagraye's Vic Day was second and Lord Allendale's woodburn third. Five ran.

Betting: 6/1 against Miraculous Atom 5/1 Vic Day, 11/2 Woodburn. Won by a head with three lengths between second and third Long Eagle was 4/5 favourite.

Runners, jockeys identical as probables except that Donino did not run.

Dutch Denial!

COPENHAGEN, May 17, (PTI-Reuter): Colonel Scharroo, Dutch uember of the Executive Committee of the International Olympic Congress, today denied Danish press reports quoting him as saying Holland would not take part in the Helsinki Games if Germany participated.

He said: "Of course I maintain that Holland could not participate if the Olympic Games had been held this summer with German participants but it is completely incorrect to take the view that Holland will not take part in the 1952 games.

"By that time the whole German question will have been examined by the International Olympic Committee and Holland would naturally abide by decisions made by this committee."

Otto Mayer, General Secretary of the Executive Committee, said: "The question of Germany is only now up for discussion and before there has been a thorough discussion by the committee nothing definite can be said.

"The question will be discussed at a meeting, probably in Lausanne in August but it will not be until next year's meeting that it will be possible to say finally whether or not Germany will take part in the coming Olympiad".

AUSTRALIA REFUSES

MELBOURNE, May 16. (PTI-Reuter): Australia would refuse to play should Japan be readmitted to the Davis Cup Lawn Tennis series, according to Mr. H. A. Pitt, a Vice-President of the Australian Lawn Tennis Association.

Mr. Pitt said today that should Japan be allowed to compete, the only course open to Australia, if drawn against Japan, would be to scratch.

He was commenting on the decision of the Australian Lawn Tennis Association to oppose Japan's reentry to the series when the Davis Cup nations meet in London on July 6

"We ought to refuse to enter, but whether we would go so far as that has not been considered. We have only indicated to the international committee how we will vote, Mr. Q. Pitt added.

Abdul Bari Returns Tomorrow

(By Our Squash Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Western India champion and the Cricket Club of India's squash professional Abdul Bari, is due to arrive in Bombay on Saturday in S S. "Canton"

During a stay of three months in England Bari had the opportunity of playing against the world's best players.

The Indian champion beat almost every one of those, except the redoubtable Mahmoud-el-Karim of Egypt who is recognised as the world's leading exponent of the game Abdul Bari lost to the Egyptian on all occasion, when met him in the final.

1956 World Olympic Games To Be Held In Late October

NO CHANGE IN DEFINITION OF AN AMATEUR CONTEMPLATED

COPENHAGEN, May 16 (PTI-Reuter).

WHEN the International Olympic Congress was continued here today it was announced that the I.O.C. had decided to hold the Melbourne Games of 1956 during the last week of October and begining of November.

During today's session Sir Harold Luxton (Australia) handed to the committee details of climatic conditions and the preparations in hand for the 1956 games.

He expressed his thanks to the committee for their comprehension of the difficulties and said he was glad a date had been agreed upon but he doubted whether his reception would be friendly when he returned to Melbourne.

This will be the first time that the games have been held in the Southern hemisphere and concern was expressed by some members as to whether a time suitable to both Northern and Southern hemisphere athletes could not be agreed to.

The first date suggested was September but Sir Harold said that would not be suitable for Melbourne.

December was out of the question for Northern hemisphere countries and it was felt generally that most participants would not want to spend Christmas away from their home countries.

special sub-committee, consisting of Von Frenckell (Finland), Bo Ekelund (Sweden) and Albert Meyer (Switzerland) was appointed to discuss the land) was apponetd to discus the question of participation at the Helsisski games.

It was decided to make no change in the definition of an amateur, a decision reached by 25 votes to five. Finland, iceland, and Sweden were among the dissenting votes but the main committee said they "could not consider changing such an important rule with les than 2 years of the Winter Games Any such change would have to be very carefully considered in full consultation with all the international federations."

The committee heard a report from Mr. Ditlev-Simonsen (Norway) on the winter olympic games due for Oslo in 1952.

The programme proposed to include sking, skating, bobsleigh and ice hockey.

The International Committee was prepared to accept ice hockey but only as an amateur sport and the secretary Mr Otto Maver. said the commitee was prepared to get in touch with the International ice Hockey Federation They were not prepared however to discuss affairs with Mr Fritz Kraatz (Switzerland) he added. and said that the committee would not take part in any discussions at which Mr Kratz. Chairman of the European section of the I.H.F., was present.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-30 p.m. Fatrade vs. Khatau S.C. (Summersgill Cup).

5-45 p.m. Burmah-Shell vs. St. Franci. Goans (First Division Harwood League).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel.

4-30 p.m. M.S.M. Sports Club vs Lever Brothers (Indian Football League, Div II).

5-40 p.m. Fatrade S. C vs. Youths Union (Harwood League Div IV)

Police Ground Naigaum

4-40 p.m. B I. G Spores Club vs Air Services (Harwood League. Div. IV).

5-40 p.m. G B. Police vs B B and C I Rly "A" (Harwood League. Div. III).

Gilpo Railway Ground Parel

4-30 p.m. A C C vs. Bombay Gas S. C. (Harwood League, Div. IV).

36 ACCEPT FOR THE DERBY

23 To Run In The Oaks Next Thursday

LONDON, May 17, (PTI-Reuter). Thirty-six final acceptors for the Epsom Derby, to be run over one mile and a half at Epsom on Saturday, May 27, were announced today as follows:

Bright Society, Rising Flame, Babus Pet, Princes Choice, Galcador, Welsh View. Stenigot, Perioeux. Exodus, High Bandit, Telegram The Second, Peter Fox, Bilbrough, Tramper, New Pioneer, Indian Empire, Route Napoleon, Eclat, Khorassan, Pewter Platter, Grand Seigneur, Indigo The Second, Port O'Light, Matty Gainmal, Napoleon Bonaparte, Main Road, Castle Rock, Paradisco, Vieux Manoir, Billiter street, Volnay The Second, Persia, Glaicul, Lamiral, Double Eclipse and Prince Simon.

Twenty-three final acceptors were announced for the Fillies Classic. The Oaks, which is to be run over The Derby course of a mile and half next Thursday, May 25. They are:

Above Board, Asmena, Esmenda, Jessamine, One for the Road, Catchit, Don Du Ciel, Diameter, Happy Haven, La Baille, Saklinea, Queen of Iran, Morning Madan, Quakeresse the Second, Plume the Second, Capital issue, Stella Polaris, Tawhida, Barley Mow, Impulse, Siren Light, Mekevale, and Camaree.

All carry nine stone in both races.

PRICES ON LEADING TRIO STILL SAME

Latest Callover On The Derby

LONDON, May 17, (PTI-Reuter): Only seven of the 36 final acceptors for the Derby were quoted at the callover on the race at the Victoria Club here tonight.

Prices of the leading trio, American colt Prince Simon, French hope L'Amiral and chief English contender Castle Rock remained unchanged.

Baron Guy De Rothschild's French colt Vieux Manoir drifted one point to one hundred to eight but his compatriot Telegram, reported as being the likely mount of champion jockey Gordon Richards, tumbled still further from twenty-eight to one to twenty-twos.

Following his unimpressive win at York today Aga Khan's Eclat was not quoted but the price of his stable companion, Khorassan, was cut three points to twenty-five to one.

Full betting: Seven to four Prince Simon, Seven to one L'Amiral, Eight to one Castle Rock, One-hundred to eight Vieux Manoir, One Hundred to seven Galcador, Twenty-two to one Telegram and Twenty-five to one Khorassan.

Irish 2,000 Guineas Won By Mighty Ocean

THE CURRAGH COUNTY KILDARE (EIRE) May 17: Mr A. W. Gordon's three-year-old colt Mighty Ocean, a ten to one shot, readily beat even money favourite Abandan in the Irish 2,000 Guineas run over one mil here today.

Ridden by A. Brabazon, famous for his exploits on Eire's champion steeplechaser Cottage Rake. Mighty Ocean (by Coup De Lyon out of Fylgia won by two and a half lengths from Abandan, ridden by Martin Molony.

MACDONALD BAILEY TO LAUNCH ALL OUT ATTACK ON RECORDS

Brilliant West Indian Sprinter Determined To Make 1950 His Best Year

LONDON, May 17, (PTI-Reuter).

MACDONALD BAILEY, brilliant West Indian sprinter and Amateur Athletic Association champion, is determined to make 1950 his big year for an all out attack on world records.

His first attempt will probably be made in Sweden in the summer. Bailey, however, would be more at home in warm climatic conditions and he would welcome an invitation to run in a special race in California.

To minimise the danger of over-running, he had decided to "ration" his appearances in Britain. He has also placed himself in the hands of Dr. Christopher Goddard, a London specialist, who will act as his honorary manager.

Bailey has been inundated in the past with pressing invitations to run at various meetings, the acceptance of which tended to cause overstrain.

He is in better form now than he has ever been and considered that if he can leave the question of accepting or declining invitations to the discretion of Dr. Woodard it will make things easier for him to concentrate on his world beating plans.

Last week Bailey clocked 21.1 seconds to run the fastest 220 yards recorded in Britain.

A technical difficulty, there were only two time-keepers, may prevent the official recognition of this time which beat by one-tenth of a second the previous best set up by Willie Applegarth in 1914.

Application will be made to the British Board, however, for the time to be recognised as a British record. The Board have power to pass or reject a record according to circumstances, but prefer performances to be timed by three officials.

BRITISH COLONIES TO BE MADE MEMBERS

International Olympic Committee's Decision

COPENHAGEN, May 17. (PTI-Reuter): When the International Olympic Committees Congress continued here today the Committee decided to accept a proposal by Lord Burghley, of Britain, that all British Colonies should be accepted in membership.

This was conditional on the colonies having properly organised Olympic committees.

At the same time the I.O.C. reserved the right to refuse membership of a colony if it so wished, a point which is in accordance with the committee's standing rules.

The Olympic Cup, presented by Baron P. De Corbertin, for the organisation which has done most during the year to advance the cause of Olympism, was awarded jointly to the New Zealand British Empire Games Association and the Belgium Olympic Committee.

The Olympic Diploma of Merit is to be awarded to the Guatemala Olympic Committee organisers of the Central American Games and to a French swimming club Les Enfants De Neptune. This club although small has won the French swimming championships for 33 years in succession and has provided five olympic swimmers.

MADRAS RECOMMENDS ELEVEN PLAYERS

MADRAS, May 17. (PTI): The Madras Football Association has recommended to the All-India Football Federation eleven Madras players for consideration during the selection of the Indian team for the World Cup Tournament at Rio De Janeiro (Brazil).

Following are the players:

Munusway and Loganathan (M and S. M. Railway) Rajavelu, Mani, Alagiriswamy and Thangaraj (T. V. S. Madura) Anajanayulu (Wimco), Murugan (B and C. Mills) Gafloor and Ghulam (Sporting Youngsters, Trichy) and Hanumantha Rao (Tilak Moti) Madras.

INDIA CULTURE LEAGUE'S SECOND BIG VICTORY

Unbeaten Record Maintained In First Division Harwood League

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

INDIA CULTURE LEAGUE won their second match of the Harwood Football League, when they beat the Indian Navy, 5-1, at the Cooperage this evening. In their two engagements, the Culture League have collected 14 goals and four points; with only one goal scored against them.

India Culture League played well within themselves and the score just about reflect the nature of play during the game. Thomas was the hero of the day, scoring four goals in a row, for his side. Centre-forward Raju scored the only goal of the Navy.

With the exception of Roy functioning at outside-right, who failed his side on several occasions, the Culture League attack functioned with clockwork precision; this was due to their adoption of the W-formation especially in the second half when it paid rich dividends.

Right halves Narayan and Pillai, of the Culture League and the Navy respectively played well for their sides. Narayan however was inclined to put in needless gallery play, while Pillai was inclined to use questionable tactics.

In the fifth minute of play Thomas shot at goal from the top of the box. Lt. Rekhi in the Navy goal anticipated badly and moved to the opposite end of the goal. This gave Culture League their first goal. The Navy did not take things lying down, and exerted pressure several times. But they were by no means on top: Culture League dominated play, but not as fully as they did in the latter session.

In the fifteenth minute, Thomas failed to add to the score, when inspite of being in a good position to shoot from Parab's pass, he shot wide. At the other end Chokalingam wasted a chance for Navy by shooting very feebly.

Then, about five minutes later, Roy was running in with the ball from the right flank, and Thappa hand led the ball in the box. Thomas made no mistake with the resultant spot-kick. A little later, Parab received a pass from Thomas, and cleverly eluded three defenders but sent the ball sailing over the cross-bar.

A clearance by a Navy defender was gathered by right half Narayan of the Culture League who moved up the flank to the goal-line, came half-way in, and centred, but Parab shot wide. At the other goal, centreforward Raju received a pass from ayaram on the left wing and shot. Sallan in goal saved. Steward on the right wing, shot wide from the rebound.

Play after the interval was entirely dominated by the winners; yet strangely enough the only goal of the losers came midway through this period.

In the opening minute of this session, Thomas shot his third goal from close range. He had now completed his hat-trick. Adopting the W formation more often (now, the Culture League completely baffled the Navy halves, and the most valiant efforts of backs Thappa and Vikram Singh failed to limit the score.

In spite of being on the defensive however, Raju scored the only goal for his side midway through the second half from the top of the penalty box. A little later Chokalingam's shot hit the cross-bar and rebounded into play. .....

With the exception of these two raids —one of which secured a goal and a few more dangerous movements, the Navy had no say in the affair, and Thomas shot his fourth goal a little later Parab added the fifth and the last goal of his side, when from the right he kicked the ball to the right end of the goal.

Most goal-keepers would have been beaten by the shots that went past Lieutenant Rekhi. All the same, his style of saving and his manner of clear-kicking, showed that he wasn't very 'safe' Had Roy been more speedy at this stage Culture League might have added at least another two goals.

Peter has improved a lot since his last outing Javaram of the Opposition was always a trier and had his inner colleagues stood by him, he would have paved the way for at least two clear goals. Centre-half Baban played well for Culture League. In fact with the exception of Roy Culture League outfit functioned with a precision and smoothness that was a delight to watch. Playing in the manner they did in their two engagements, they should end up winners of the League.

THE TEAMS:

INDIA CULTURE LEAGUE: Salian: Mukerjee, Woodcock: Narayan, Baban, Govind: Roy, Parab Laloo, Thomas, Peter.

INDIAN NAVY: Lieut Rekhi: Thappa, Vikram Singh: Mohammed, Pillai, David Stewart, Pereira Raju, Chokilingam Javaram.

REFEREE: A J Francis.

Bangalore Side Wins Mahatma Memorial Cup

MYSORE, May 17.

Bangalore Sullivan Police annexed the trophy in the Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Football Tournament today beating the Mysore Blues by three goals to one after a very fast and exciting encounter. An unprecedented crowd turned up to watch the match

KHATAUS AND TATAS WIN COMFORTABLY

Soccer At Parel

BOMBAY, Wednesday

Khatau Sports Club and the Tata 'A' recorded facile victories over their rivals in the second division of the Harwood Football League played at St. Xavier College ground. The Khatau beat their opponents Wimco Sports Club, by three goals to one. David was responsible for scoring the first goal and later Samuel added two more while Legin reduced the margin of cost.

Tatas "A" trounced the India Culture League to the extent of five goals to one. G. D'Souza (2) X. Pereira, T. Pinto and Avetoonian were responsible for the winner's tally of goals. While Rane scored the only goal for the India Culture League.

B.B. & C.I. Railway "B" team were much too good for the H. I. Dixon Sports Club, whom they defeated by seven goals to nil. This was in the fourth division match played at the G.I.P. Railway ground. And in a Division III match at the same venue the Bombay Port Trust and National Electrical Industries were concerned in a goalless draw.

MOHD. SPORTING HELD TO A DRAW

Football League In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, May 17.

East Indian Rialway forced Mohammedan Sporting to a draw, each side scoring once, in the first division football league this evening. Aryans defeated Bengal Nagpur Railway by three goals to nil, in another match.

With a better defence the Railwaymen kept the Mohammedan Sporting forwards at bay throughout the game. They themselves could however essay only a few moves. The goal E.I.R got in the third minute of the second half was however by no means a snap one.

Mohammedan Sporting suffered due to the indifferent play of their halfbacks, where Baqir, centre-half was mostly dwarfed by the concerted moves of Mewalal and S. Bhattacharjee, the Railway forwards.

With the start Sarfuddin, Mohammedan goalkeeper, had to work hard to avert an early reverse when he was constantly on the alert to effect saves from the Railway attackers. In the eighth minute Mohammedans managed to relieve pressure and from Abid, inside-right's brilliant pass, Salim, centre-forward found Sett, Railway-keeper, too good to beat. Throughout the first half the Railway goal had narrow escapes.

On changing ends the railway forwards combined well and in the third minute K. Banerji, inside-right, beat Sarfuddin with an angular rising shot off S. Ghosh, the right-outer. The Mohammedans retaliated forcefully and went all out for an equaliser. Railwaymen broke through the strange hold around them once in away but their moves were misdirected. Khan, who had changed from outside-left to right-outer, banged into the Railway goal from a pass by abid.

The depleted B.N.R. team were no match against Aryans. They were without the services of their regular goal keeper Shimadri and the outside-right Y. N. Rao. Aryans attacked throughout the first half and for a greater part of the second. In the first period they scored only once through G. Saha, inside-left. On changing ends D. Sur, centre forward, consolidated the twenty-third P. Banerji outside right completed the tally.

DHYANCHAND'S FINE DISPLAY

Veteran Hockey Wizard's Brilliant Form

MADRAS, May 17 (PTI): Dhyan Chand, the hockey wizard seen in action here today for the first time after a lapse of nearly fifteen years, thrilled the enthusiastic hockey fans of Madras with glimpses of his former brilliance in spite of his forty and odd years.

The former Olympic centre-forward of India, who is a Captain in the Army was assisting the home team in the Madras United Club Gold Cup Hockey Tournament. With the support of two other Army players Harbaksh Singh and Mana Singh, Dhyan Chand helped the United Club to beat the headquarter, Madras Area, by two goals to one in the third round. The winners, who had drawn a bye into the third round, are in the quarter-final where they meet the Khalsa Blues from Delhi.

Earlier the M. and S. M. Railway defeated Chrome Company by three goals to nil.

SEVEN DAY'S RACING IN SECUNDERABAD

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 17.

The Secunderabad Races this year will be run on seven days commencing from Wednesday, July 5.

The races will be run on July 5, 8 12 15, 19, 22 and 26.

SHARP DECLINE IN STEELS AND TEXTILES

Tata Steel Deferred Dwindles Down To Rs. 1645

BOMBAY, May 17.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was almost in a stagnant condition today. Pivotals showed hardly any activity and fluctuations moved within a narrow range. The tug-of-war between bears and bulls still continued with the result that the general tone of the market was one of uncertainty, in spite of a moderate rise in overnight price-levels.

Tata Steel Deferred opened around Rs. 1680 and after advacing by five points, reached again to Rs. 1677-8 under scattered realizing. In the absence of any fresh support the scrip was quietly steady at this level. Tata Ordinary oscillated narrowly between Rs. 326-4 and Rs. 326-8. Indian Iron was steady at Rs. 30-13 and Bengal Steel at Rs. 21-14.

Textiles were equally dull. Bombay Dyeing was quoted at Rs. 977-8 after opening a shade lower. Simplex was steady at Rs. 215 and Kohinoor at Rs. 295. Other textiles were steady with business being more or less of a jobbing nature.

The miscellaneous section showed very little activity. Bombay Burma was steady at Rs. 487-8. Scindia was quoted at Rs. 11-3-6 after opening at Rs. 11-10 Associated Cement was placed at Rs. 155-4 while Bellapur was done at Rs. 228.

Banks were steady and Central was quoted at Rs. 82--4 while India found buyers upto Rs. 175-8.

Securities indicated a moderate demand 3 per cent Conversion Loan of 1986 being quoted at Rs. 97-2.

During the closing part of the session the market showed an extremely easy tendency. Deferred dwindled down to Rs. 1645 and Bombay Dyeing finished at Rs. 955.

Other counters also showed a moderate decline. The market closed on a nervous tone.

After the close, Tata Deferred was quoted in private at Rs. 1635.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (27-8) XD	955 0
Kohinoors Mills (1) (Ex Div)	289 12
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	246 12
Central India Mills (6)	225 0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	210 0
New Great Eastern (8)	137 8
Indore (8-3)	110 0
Gokak Mills (12) XD	246 0
Century Spinning (15)	232 8
Indian Bleaching (6)	157 8
Swan Mills (20)	306 0
Finlay Mills (15)	250 0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	156 4
Edward Sassoon (30)	215 0
Meyer (12)	83 12
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 11 3
India United Ord. (0-14-0)	11 11
India United Defd.	1 13
Madhusudan (15)	165 0
Podar (S)	131 4
Khatau	156 4
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	327 4
Tata Steel Defd. (64-15)	1645 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-12)	142 8
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7) XD	153 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8) XD	487 12
Bellapur	226 8
Scindia Steam (0-8)	11 5
Shivrajpur (1-8)	31 0
Premier Construction	88 0
Tata Chemical	11 10
Tata Oil (2)	46 4
Indian Iron (0-12)	30 8
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	21 8
British India Corp. (0-2)	8 11 6
Indian Copper	2 8 6
Wimco	208 12
Alcock	323 12
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3) XD	153 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1291 4
Tata Power (25)	1505 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	66 0
Phoenix (9)	138 2
Indian Mfg. (40)	2950 0
Kurla XD	105 0
Colaba (12)	100 0
New City (11)	172 8
Minerva (12)	138 12
Bradbury (12)	602 8
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 4
Bharat Mills (2)	28 8
Mysore Defd (04)	160 10
Mathavji (0-12-0)	14 4
Model Mills (13-8)	158 2
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	630 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	205 0
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	227 8
Sholapur (200)	3160 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	18 0
Hindustan Mills (40)	2950 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	40 0
Ahmedabad Advaice (9)	228 12
Sassoon Silk	34 4
New Union Mills (0-8)	18 4
Madhusudan S. (2-5)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	173 12
Raja Bahadur (4)	51 0
Berar Mils	261 14
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8) XD	121 14
Ahmedabad New XD	96 4
Surat Electric	135 0
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 6
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 1
Amalgamated	11 3
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	28 8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	126 4
Bombay Suburban (8)	155 0
Bombay Suburban New	145 10
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India	1820 0
Imperial Bank P (0-12)	451 4
Central Bank	81 12
Central Bank New (1-8)	82 0
Bank of India (4) XD	175 0
Union (0-3)	7 5
Baroda (2-3) XD	121 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37 8
United Commercial (1-2)	45 8
Jaipur Bank (18-0)	31 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4870 0
Empire (10)	573 12
New India (1-7)	62 12
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	13 7
Indian Mercantile (0-4)	38 8
Universal	9 0
B I C (1)	17 6
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	18 0
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	112 12
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	228 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	162 8
Burma Petrol	1 10
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	54 0
Kemp and Co. (20)	311 4
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	100 0
Incustrial Invest Trust (5-12)	81 12
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	55 8
Mukund Iron	4 6
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	146 4
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	27 8
Indian Cement (1937)	20 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	147 8
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Manamadi Steam	100 0
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	30 0
National Rayon	48 4
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	200 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1207 8
Tata Power (7-8)	1303 12
Hydro Electric (7) XD	128 2
Bombay Steamer (6)	225 0
Central India (5)	651 4
Swedish Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	275 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	107 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	334 6
Surat Electricity (3-4)	135 0
Pre. Construction First	99 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	126 4
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie First	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 0
Morarji	94 3
National Rayon	76 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	....
Bombay Steamer	98 8
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	101 0
Walchandnagar	106 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 14 6
New Victoria	2 6
New Victoria Pref.	4 12
Phalton	91 0
Gold Mohar	285 0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	325 0
Sajjan X R C.D.	101 0
Osmanshahi X.R. C.D.	115 0
Ajam Shahi	105 0
Air Service	4 0
Air India	4 0
Hind Motor	5 6 6
India Steam	6 14 6

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, May 17.

Silver continued to rule firm in the local Bullion Exchange today Gold on the other hand showed very little activity with a moderate turnover

Forward silver opened at Rs. 190 and forged ahead without any setback under renewed bull support till it touched Rs. 191-4. Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 191-12.

Forward gold opened at Rs. 117-12 and after fluctuating between Rs. 117-11 and Rs. 117-15, was quiet at its opening level, for lack of fresh support.

Ready gold was quoted ans. 14 higher while sovereign was placed at Rs. 76-12.

Later on there was scattered selling in silver which reduced the price level in forward to Rs. 189-11, but improved again to Rs. 190 on fresh bull support.

Gold continued to rule weak and prices in the forward section declined to Rs. 117-6.

Following were the quotations when the market closed for the day:

	Rs. as.
Forward Silver	190 0
Ready Silver	190 0
Forward Gold	117 6
Ready Gold	118 0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, May 17.

The Bombay Seeds market ruled quietly steady today with a moderate turnover. Groundnuts were very much depressed, and prices indicated a downward trend. In Castorseeds, there was some good demand in the Madras quality, while the Ready section lacked support. Linseed was steady, with very little business passing.

GROUNDNUT

Khandesh quality ready Rs.	45 0 0
Madras Coromandal	44 12 0
Bold ready	44 0 0
Oil Bombay Mills	24 4 0
Oil Upcountry Mills	23 7 0
Oil June	23 11 0
Oil July	24 3 0

LINSEED

LINSEED—	
Bold ready	37 2 0
Small Satna	36 2 0
Oil June	21 2 0
CASTORSEEDS	
Castorseeds ready	28 3 0
Madras ready	28 9 0
June	28 9 0
July	29 2 0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, May 17.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	94 14
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100 0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99 14
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97 1
2 1/2 per cent 1950	99 9
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99 4
2 3/4 per cent 1973	95 12
2 per cent Con.	97 2
3 per cent 1951-54	101 2
3 per cent 1953-55	101 8
3 per cent 1957	101 5
3 per cent 1959-61	101 1
3 per cent 1963-65	100 5
3 per cent 1966-68	100 1
3 per cent 1970-75	99 13
2 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104 0
4 per cent 1960-70	109 14
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	100 12
4 1/2 per cent 1953-60	110 0
4 1/2 per cent 1953-56	112 10

PROVINCIAL LOANS

3 per cent Bombay 1962	99 5
2 3/4 per cent C. P 1961	97 2
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1981	97 2
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 8
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 4
3 per cent Punjab 1952	100 0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100 8
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100 6
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100 6
3 per cent N.-W.-F 1952	98 2
3 per cent C P. 1901-68	99 8
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	98 9
4 per cent B.P.L long dated	110 0
4 per cent Bombay Muni.	109 12
3 per cent Bombay Muni 1959	113 8
6 per cent K. P T. 1950	113 0

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, May 17.

Following were the closing quotations in the Bombay Artificial silk yarn market, today:—

120 Ready Japan	6 13 0
150 Ready Japan	5 14 3
120 Ready Italy	6 5 0
120 Ready Italy	5 14 0
150 D Box July	....

July delivery opened at Rs. 1,045. The highest and the lowest levels touched during the day were Rs. 1,080 and Rs. 1,038 respectively.

BOMBAY PEPPER

BOMBAY, May 17.

Closing black pepper prices in the Bombay market today for Jeth delivery were quoted at Rs. 3,070 to Rs. 3,090. Those of Ashad Delivery were placed at Rs. 3,090 to Rs. 3,110.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, May 17.

Apollo 2-11-3
Bharat 30 29
B. Dyeing 976-4 77-8 55
C. India 228 29 25
Bradbury Ord. 602-8
Century 232-8
Colaba 100
Gokak 251 49-8 50 46
I. U. Defd 1-13-6 1-13
I. U. Ord. 11-11 11-11-6 11-11
Indore 110-10 10 11-4 10
Kohinoor 294-8 96 89-4
Laxmi 630
Madhusudan 165
Meyer 83-12
Morarji 156-4
Model 155-10
Podar 131-4
Simplex 214-8 15 10
Svadeshi 250-8 51-4 46-8 46-12
Tata Mills 39-8 38-12 39
Vishnu 205
Scindia 11-10 11-4 11-5
Baroda 121-8
Central 82-4 81-12
Central New 82-8 82
Imperial Old 1820
Imperial New 451-4
India 175-8 75
Union 7-5
Ahmedabad 121-14
Andhra 1395 91-4
Andhra Pref 1207-8
Suburban 155
Hydro 153
Power 1505
B.I.G. 17-6
Empire 575 77-8 73-12
New India 62-8 62-12
B. Steel 22 21-8
I. Iron 30-13 30-14 30-8
Tata Defd 1680 85 45
Tata Ord. 326-4 26-8 20-8 21-8 21-4
Tata 2nd Pref. 142 42-8
Alcock 325 23-12
A.C.C. 155-4 54 54-4 53-8
Belapur 227-8 28 25-8 26-8
B. B. Old 487-8 78-12
B. B. New 162-8
B. B. Petrol 1-9
B.I.C. 8-11-6
I. Copper 2-3-6
Port Canning 54
P. Construction 88-8 91-8 88
Shivrajpur 31
Tata Chemical 11-12 11-11
Tata Oil 46-4
Wimco 210-10 8-12

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec New 96-4

EASY TREND IN N. Y. COTTON

Stocks Close Firm With Industrial Average At A New Peak

NEW YORK, May 16.

Opening declines in cotton were due to liquidation of May and the issuance of 52 notices but offerings quickly dried up and prices rebounded on trade buying an short covering. Part of the demand undoubtedly was influenced by broadening activity in Worth Street with further substantial business in print cloths and broad cloths reported. Later prices fluctuated narrowly in limited dealings

In the afternoon prices eased, closing barely steady on light hedges and profit-taking, together with reselling by earlier buyers evidently, influenced by the lower trend of grains. Trade houses and shorts supported nearby July early on prospects of continued good exports and the possibility of a tight supply situation before new crop moves in volume. Sales were estimated at 90,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, May 16	
July	32.72+03
October	31.18—02
December	31.05—05
Middling spot	33.30—10

October highest 31.30 at 10-18 a.m. Lowest 31.17 at 10 a.m.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, May 16	
July	32.57
October	31.13
December	31.02
Middling spot	32.40

WALL STREET

Settlement of the rail strike provoked little response as the earlier steadiness reflected optimism over a prompt ending. In moderate trade, gains were mostly fractional. Most of the rail equipment was aided by the Inter state commerce commission recommendation for a big freight-car building programme to provide for any future military emergency. At noon the averages were Industrials 218.34 and rails 56.23.

Gains upto a dollar more were liberally distributed and the industrial average was at a new 1950 peak as the market was helped by expectations of a rapid recovery in rail strike affected industrial operations, further pleasing business news and lightness of offerings.

General Motors were up to 85-1/8 on optimism over the chances of avoiding a strike. The industrial average was in new high ground for 1950 by nearly one point, while rails and utilities were within easy striking distance of the year's peaks. The session closed firm.

STOCKS AT CLOSE

American Telephone and Telegraph	159
Amerex Folding Co.	34 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	32 3/4
Chase National Bank	37 3/4
Firestone Tyre	39 1/2
General Electric	49 5/8
General Motors	85 1/4
Ingersol Rand	67 1/4
International Nickel	27 5/8
National City Bank	46 7/8
New York Central Railroad	14 3/8
Sinclair Oil Corp.	24 5/8
Socony Vacuum	18 3/8
Texas Corporation	68
Union Carbide	50
U. S. Smelting and Refining	39 1/4
U. S. Steel Common	32 1/2
Western Union	30

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day was 1,730,000.

Highest and lowest U. S. Steel trading prices were 32 1/2 and 31 7/8 respectively.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Following the early steadiness attributed chiefly to short-covering, prices sagged in sympathy with renewed weakness of nearby soyabeans. Commission House selling also depressed wheat with the pressure influenced by continued slow export trade in grains and flour together with private advices indicating more favourable conditions over the spring belt.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, May 16	
May	2.34 5/8
July	2.17 3/4
September	2.17 1/4
December	2.19

N. Y. PEPPER INACTIVE

NEW YORK, May 16.

The pepper market was inactive but prices held steady with spots offered at 1.40 dollars. There were limited buyers at 1.38. Following are today's closing prices: Black Pepper: Spot 1.40 dollars. OLD CONTRACT: May 1.37 nominal, June 1.37 nominal, July 1.37 asked, August 1.36 bid. September 1.40 nominal. NEW CONTRACT: May 1.40 asked, June 1.40 asked, July 1.37 bid, August 1.36 nominal and September 1.43 asked. White pepper: Spot 2.45 asked. — PTI-Reuter.

N. Y. SILVER

NEW YORK, May 16.

Demand was good and sales approximated 225,000 ounces at unchanged 73 cents per ounce. Regular sellers remain in a comfortable sales position — PTI-Reuter.

NEWSPRINT IMPORTS

NEW DELHI, May 17 (UPI): The Government of India has decided to issue licences to established importers of newsprint from the U.S.A., Canada and Newfoundland for the import of this commodity from Canada only on the basis of 120 per cent of half of their largest annual imports during the basic period 1937-38 to 1948-49, says a press note.

Madras Stock Exchange

MADRAS, May 17.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Exchange:

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA LOANS: Three per cent Paper 997, Three per cent 1986 97/2, Three per cent 1970/75 99/13, Three per cent 1966/68 100.

GOVERNMENT OF TRAVANCORE: Three per cent, 1952/54 102/2, Government of Madras three per cent 1956 100/10, Three per cent 1960 100/4.

BANKS: Travancore 14/14.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 19.

PLANTINGS: Chembras 5/6, Pulangode 1/10, Thirumbadi 2/6, T. R. and T. Co. 5/8, Valkundam 7/11/6.

TEXTILES: Balasubramania 44, Bangalore woollen 230, Buckingham 137, Buckingham (pref.) 188, Cambodia 11/4, Coimbatore C. M. 137, Coimbatore Pioneer 119, Coimbatore Spg. 52/8, Vasantha 111, Dhanalakshmi 227/8, Janardhana 91/8, Lakshmi 74/8, Madura 36/10, Mettur 335/10, Mysore Silk Filature 3/14/6, Mysore Sun 3/14, Pankaja 98, Radha Krishna (xd) 182/8, Rajalakshmi 74/8, Ranga Vilas 58/3. Trav. Rayons 4, Trichnopoly 11/7.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 70, F A C T 6/4, Mysore Chem. and Ferts 8, Mysore Paper 10/5. (PTI-Reuter).

Groundnut Cake Order In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 17 (PTI): Restrictions on the inter-district movement of groundnut cake have been cancelled by the Hyderabad Government. A press note issued today, however, says that no cake of any kind whatsoever will move out of State without an export permit.

LONDON COPRA

LONDON, May 16.

The copra market was irregular with offers of Philippines bulk May/June cheaper at 205 dollars but Straits/Dutch East Indies F. M. was held for £ 89, delivered weight both per ton c.i.f.

The coconutoil market was steady with Straits in drums quoted at £ 130 and in bulk at £ 126-1/2, Ceylon in drums at £ 133 and in bulk at 128 all per ton ci.if. May/June shipment — (PTI-Reuter).

LONDON PEPPER

LONDON, May 16.

The pepper market was inactive Black Lampong, May/June, was offered at 10 sh. 1-1/2d. and White Muntok at 15 sh. 8d., shipping weight with White Sarawak at 16 sh 2d. delivered weight per pound c. i. f. basis ports. Malabar May/June and June/July were cheaper at 1,115 sh. asked per cwt. c.i.f., United Kingdom.

LONDON STOCKS

LONDON, May 16.

2 1/2 per cent British Consols	£69 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan 1961	93 1/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960-90	106 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan on or after Dec. 1st 1952	91 7/16
Chartered Bank of India	9 9/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	77 1/2
National Bank of India	31 5/8

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,046.

LONDON SILVER

LONDON, May 16.

London Silver Spot and Forward ..... 63 1/2d.

LONDON GOLD

LONDON, May 16.

London Gold Bars Fine per oz. £12-8-0
Australian wheat May-June .. 121/8
London exchanges unchanged.

PARIS BOURSE

PARITS, May 16

The absence of the public resulted in a lower trend. Leading issues were easier in forward trading under expansion of offerings with Suez and Royal Dutch particularly affected. Similarly, sterling issues which yesterday were strong were unable to consolidate gains and were hard hit today. In-spot dealings in industrials defended their positions relatively well showing only limited declines. French Rentes held steady.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, May 17.

Closing quotations at 2 p.m.:

Tata Ordinary 323; Tata Deferred 1650; Indian Iron 30-10; Steel Corporation of Bengal 21-8; Bombay Dyeing 965; Central India 226; Gokak 250; Kohinoor 290; Simplex 214; Swadeshi 248; Tata Power 1500; Associated Cement 154; Belapur 225; Bombay Burma (Old) 475; Scindia 11-5; Central Bank 82; New India 62-8; Tata 2nd Pref. 142.

SINGAPORE PEPPER

SINGOPORE, May 16.

The pepper market was quiet and prices were easier with Black Lampong unchanged at 540 dollars per picul and White Muntok 5 lower at 860. — (PTI-Reuter):

RESERVE BANK

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

BOMBAY, May 17.

Following is the weekly statement of affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, as on May 12 last:

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	9,87,83,000
Notes in circulation	1,95,34,67,000
Total Notes issued	1205,22,50,000
Total Liabilities	1205,22,50,000
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	40,01,71,000
(b) Held outside India	....
Foreign Securities	650,34,38,000
Total of A	690,36,09,000
B. Rupee Coin	54,59,23,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	460,27,18,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	....
Total Assets	12,05,22,50,000

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government	133,54,67,000
(2) Other Governments	18,45,38,000
(b) Banks	51,37,44,000
(c) Others	59,61,11,000
Bills Payable	4,28,29,000
Other Liabilities	16,19,18,000
Rupees	293,46,07,000
ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	9,87,83,000
Rupee Coin	9,77,000
Subsidiary Coin	2,43,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	1,37,50,000
(b) External	....
(c) Government Treasury Bills	1,61,38,000
Balances held abroad	200,23,92,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	4,96,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	10,25,97,000
Investments	89,54,75,000
Other Assets	5,46,52,000
Rupees	293,4,07,000

Calcutta Stocks Easy

CALCUTTA, May 17.

The Stock Exchange displayed a shade easier feeling with regard to the speculative counters, while jute, coal and teas continued quiet but steady. Following are today's final transactions.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three Per cent Loan 1986 97/3, Three per cent Loan 1970/75 99/15.

BANKS: Hindustan Commercial 21/12.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 10/8, New Victoria Ordy. 2/6.

COALS: Bengal 516, Burrakur 13/15, Central India 4/14, Dhemu Main 17, East Indian 36/4, Jainty Central 1/1, New Beerbhoom 15/12, Ondap 22, Parasea 3/8, Samla Colliery 7/11, Searsole 8/3, South Karanpura 26/2, Western Bengal 5/11.

JUTES: Anglo India 233, Baily 240, Barnagore 234, Gourepore 485, Howrah 29/10, Kamarhatty 283, Kankinarrah 177, Megna 148/8, National 25/8, Nuddea 72/8, Presidency 7/7.

ENGINEERINGS: Brit. Building and Iron 4/10, Burn and Co. ordy. 275, Khumardhubi Eng. 809, Indian Iron 30/7, Marshalls 7/4, Steel Corp. 21/10.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp. 2/15, Consolidated tin -/15/-, Indian Copper 2/3 Kanranpura Dev. 22/6 Tavoy tin -/10/-, Dalmia Cement 6/4, Sone Valley Cement 6/4, Alluminium Corp. 6, Angelo Bros. 23/15, BIC 8/9, Calcutta Trams 17/13, Indian National Airways 3, C T Jardine Henderson 149/8, Martin Burn 16, National Tobacco 19/6, Rohtas Industry 5/9, British Burma petrol 1/9, Bengal Paper 48/14, Orient Paper 34/6, Titaghur paper 37/10, India Steamship 6/11.

SUGARS: Carew and Co. 8/14, Champaran 20/5.

TEAS: Basmatia 30, Bishnauth 38/12, Dhunseri 10/13, Hattikhira 15/2, Kornafuli 9/14, Sington 4, Ezpore 28, Tukar 10, Bateli 16/4, Bormahjan 16/8, Hantapra 225, Jutlibari 12/8, Sapoi 19/8. (PTI-Reuter).

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, May 17.

With heavy bear raid market collapsed and closed with a bearish sentiment.

Fluctuations: Calico opened 257/8, highest 258/4, lowest 253.

Arvind opened 750, highest 753, lowest 742.

Ambica opened 292, highest 293, lowest 288/8.

Deferred opened 1677, highest 1683, lowest 1636.

Closing quotations: Calico 253/8, Arvind 746, Ambica 290, Deferred 1637, Ashok 330, Ajit 317/8, Bihari 190, Rohit 100, Vijay 43, Sarangpur Cotton 1425, Saraspur 270.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, May 17. (PTI-Reuter): The start of the three-week account in the London Stock Exchange today brought no expansion of business. A heavy over-subscription of £1,000,000 brewery debenture issue absorbed much of the money that might otherwise have been attracted to the market at the beginning of the new trading period.

Price movements were small and mixed. British funds lost some ground on the continued talk of new issues but industries were firmer where altered. In the latter section brewery and textile shares improved on provincial buying.

Speculative buying of Japanese bonds gave these issues firmness but others in the foreign section were without notable alteration apart from some improvement in German Potash loans.

Small changes in oils were to the higher levels but the rubber share market was again dull on scattered sales.

The South African gold share market opened bright following a good development report from the Free state area. Gains were not always held, however, and the section closed irregular.

TAKE GOA ISSUE TO U.N.O.

Dr. Furtado's View

BELGAUM, May 17 (PTI).

Dr. Antonio Furtado, former Administrator of Panjim (Goa), has stated that problems relating to the future of Goa could not be solved by signatures and meetings, but by the international organisations such as the U.N.O., arbitration courts, plebiscites and bi-lateral agreements between States "who are interested in a non-violent solution".

Dr. Furtado was dismissed from service by an order of the Portuguese Authorities for his refusal to sign a protest against the recent statement in the Indian Parliament by Prime Minister Pandit Nehru that foreign possessions in India including the Portuguese territories "might have to come to India."

Dr. Furtado who has now come out of Goa as a self-exile, has addressed a lengthy communication to the Governor-General of Goa giving reasons for his refusal to sign the protest.

Justifying his attitude in not signing such a protest letter, Dr. Furtado said: "I am above all an Indian 'jus soli' and 'jus sanguinis' and an 'assimileted' Portuguese according to the Colonial Act, through the mere political accident of Goa happening to be ruled by the Portuguese, just as it might have been by the French, Dutch or the British".

JUTE PRICES EASE IN INDIA

Association Report

CALCUTTA, May 17 (UPI): The immediate effect of the jute agreement between India and Pakistan was an easing of prices in the local and up-country markets in India, and firming up of prices in Pakistan, says a report of the Indian Jute Mills Association on the conditions prevailing in the jute manufacturing industries in the month of April 1950.

Owing to the trade agreement, sellers have shown more disposition to liquidate stock of baled jute and in consequence, offerings have been larger and arrivals locally have increased and consist mainly of mesta.

Although prices have eased off, they are still above the maximum, adds the report.

In East Pakistan threre have been satisfactory rains and sowings are going ahead satisfactorily, and if favourable weather continues, the report says it is expected they will be about the same as last season.

COLLECTING DATA FOR PLANNING

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, May 15: The Planning Commission, has been planning its own machinery for collecting data for the purpose of planning and for the implementation of its recommendations. The case of agriculture should illustrate the point.

From the time of the Linlithgow Commission, which marks the beginning of the centre's attempts at co-ordination, there has been no attempt to allocate the acreage for food and cash crops in order to evolve a balanced and rationalised plan for development. The role of research and its application to field work has remained a fruitful subject for discussion. Co-ordination is another problem, co-ordination between the Commission and the States and Central Government. Side by side, the Commission is faced with the problem of staff.

A proposal to set up study groups appears to solve these difficulties. A study group with a member of the Commission and top-ranking officials of the Ministry of Agriculture may be entrusted with crop planning. This group in its turn, may split itself into various committees, all drawing on the staff of the Ministry itself. It is claimed that a plan, thus evolved, would have the support of the Ministry and will avoid duplication of a large staff.

INDIAN DELEGATION TO I. L. O.

NEW DELHI, May 17 (UPI): The employers' and workers' parties of the Indian Delegation to the 33rd session of the International Labour Conference which opens at Geneva on June 7, 1950 will be composed of the following persons:—

Employers' delegate:—Shri Shri Ram 22, Curzon Road, New Delhi. Advisers: Shri V. D. Sirur, Joint Managing Director, Messrs. N. Sirur and Co., Ltd., Bombay, Shri G. L. Bansal, Secretary All India Organisation of Industries Employers, New Delhi and Shri J. K. Bose, Chief Labour Adviser, Indian Engineering Association, Calcutta.

Workers' delegate:—Shri Khandubhai K. Desai, President, Indian National Trade Union Congress, New Delhi. Advisers: Shri Hariharnath Shastri, General Secretary, Indian National Trade Union Congress, New Delhi, Shri G. D. Ambekar, General Secretary, Rashtriya Mill Mazdoor Sangh, Bombay and Shri Daya Ram Beri, Vice-President, Indian National Trade Union Congress, Calcutta.

The personnel of the Government delegatoin will be announced shortly.

Increase In Punjab Bajra Crop

LAHORE, May 17 (UPI): According to the final forecast of the bajra crop of the Punjab for kharif 1949, the total estimated area is finally returned as 12,15,100 acres, which shows an increase of 5 per cent over the actual area of last year. The total estimated yield is 231,700 tons, which is 12 per cent more than the actual yield of last year.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1665

Sir Owen Dixon Will Be Here May 27

BRINGS HANDPICKED KASHMIR AIDES

LAKE SUCCESS, May 17. (PTI).

SIR OWEN DIXON, the Australian jurist who is to mediate in Kashmir, will leave New York for the Indian subcontinent by air next Tuesday, cables the PTI correspondent. Travellin via London, he expects to reach India by May 27.

He announced he would visit New Delhi and Karachi and "confer with the Governments of India and Pakistan" and afterwards will go to Kashmir to assume his duties as United Nations representative.

Sir Owen Dixon's task is to arrange for demilitarisation in Kashmir so that the groundwork can be laid for a plebiscite.

During the fortnight he has spent at Lake Success, he has familiarised himself with the background and documentation on the Kashmir issue.

He made a courtesy call on Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan in New York earlier this month and made a similar visit to the Indian delegation.

DELAYED

In taking nearly a month to arrange his plans Sir Owen is known to have been delayed by difficulties in picking up his Kashmir staff. Sir Owen was determined that his aides should have completely open minds on Kashmir.

It is believed that he will take with him a much smaller staff than was at the disposal of the U. N. Kashmir Commission.

Mr. Eric Colban, Principal Secretary to the Commission returned to Lake Success during the weekend.

Sir Owen Dixon's desire to remain absolutely impartial was said to have been exemplified when he met the Pakistan Prime Minister and the acting Indian representative separately here a wek ago. His first interview had lasted twenty minutes.

At the office of the other delegation, an observer said, Sir Owen appeared to time his talk for exactly the same length of time, rising to leave when he had talked for twenty minutes.

Last night Sir Owen was principal guest at a dinner given by Mr. S Lall Assistant Secretary General of the United Nations. Among others invited were Mr. Gopala Menon, acting head of the Indian delegation, and his Pakistan opposite number Mr. R. S. Chattari.

KEEP MALAN IN HIS PLACE

Liberal Appeal To British Government

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, May 17.

"We, our children and our children's children will never forgive the British Government if they hand over the three protectorates of Swaziland, Basutoland and Bechuanaland to Malan," said Constantine, West Indian cricketer addressing a Liberal Party demonstration.

The present injustices, behind the Iron Curtain, continued the speaker, could not obliterate the racial discrimination practised in the West. Such discrimination serves as a good material for propaganda by the Communists.

Lady Violet Bonham Carter, Vice-President of the Liberal Party urged the Government to reject Malan's demand as it would amount to betrayal of the people of those regions. The Vice-President said that acceding to Malan's demand would violate the spirit of the Commonwealth, destroy its meaning and endanger its survival.

Mr. Dingle Foot M.P. said that as the transfer of the protectorates affected the whole Commonwealth, the views of the member countries should be obtained before any decision was taken.

PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN

United Commonwealth Voice Sought

LONDON, May 17. (PTI-Reuter): The British Commonwealth Working Party on the Japanese peace treaty today ended two and a half weeks successful discussions here to create a single Commonwealth voice on the subject.

Policy decisions on when or how to arrange negotiations on the treaty were beyond its scope.

Set up by the Colombo Commonwealth conference last January, its purpose was understood to be to reduce Commonwealth differences of opinion to a minimum before the United States presents a draft treaty.

It will pass its findings to the eight governments concerned and will hold further sessions as the occasion arises.

The British Secretary of State for Commonwealth Relations, Mr. Patrick Gordon-Walker, and Commonwealth High Commissioners in London attended the final meeting.

The political equation which the United States and Western Powers have to resolve consists, London observers believe, of three simultaneous problems:

(1) to encourage the growth and continued development of democratic institutions in Japan;

(2) to discourage a revival of militarism and nationalism;

(3) to safeguard Japan from the danger of Communist encroachment.

NOMINATIONS FOR ELECTIONS

Names Published At Congress House

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Names of validity nominated candidates for the different Panchayats in A to G Ward, to which election has been declared, have been published on Notice Boards at the Congress House and at the Offices of the respective Dist. Congress Committees. The last date for withdrawal of any candidature is Thursday, May 18, (up to 7 p.m.), says a B.P.C.C. announcement.

ROMULO'S FAITH IN U. N.

Russian Walkouts No Sign Of Failure

SINGAPORE, May 17 (PTI-Reuter).

Russian walkouts from the United Nations Organisation meetings did not mean failure of the United Nations said General Carlos P. Romulo, President of the Generl Assembly of the United Nations here today.

He hoped the Russians would continue to work with other nations in the United Nations.

General Romulo, who is accompanied by his wife, returned from Indonesia and he will leave for Manila tomorrow.

Emphasising there was no question of forming any common front against Communism at the conference of South-East Asian countries at Baguio in the Philippines General Romulo said: "We in Asia believe in peace and the methods of peace. That is why we have announced that there will be no military commitments and that no military pacts are envisaged at Baguio".

Technical Training To D. Ps.

NEW DELHI, May 17, (UPI): Two thousand seats for imparting technical training to displaced persons in centres run by the Labour Ministry have been reserved at the instance of the Central Ministry of Rehabilitation.

General Elections By Middle Of 1951

MADRAS, May 17, (UPI): The general elections under the republican constitution are expected to come off by the middle of 1051, according to informed sources here.

DELIMITATION OF CONSTITUENCIES

Principles To Be Adopted

MADRAS, May 17, (PTI): The Government of India have circularised to the State Governments the principles to be adopted regardinf delimitation of constituencies in connection with ethe general elections to be held in April or May 1951.

The State Governments have been asked to submit proposals in respect of delimitation of constituencies in their respective territories to the Central Government before the end of this month for incorporation in the Electrol Bill to be introduced in Parliament at its next session.

Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister in charge of elections Madras told pressmen here today that the estimated population of each State would be worked out at 2.09 times the total number of adult voters registetered during the general enumeration held all over India last year.

The delimitatiin of constituencies would be on the basis of the total estimated population of the State divided by the number of seats allotted to the Assembly under the Peoples Representation Bill.

400-Year-Old Banyan Tree Uprooted

BANARAS, May 17. (PTI): The 400-year-old sacred banyan tree, planted by Goswami Tulsidas in the garden of Sankatmochan temple here, was practically uprooted when a dust storm of great velocity hit the tree on Monday evening. The 60-feet high tree shooting branches all around slanted with a loud crash damaging slightly the roof of the temple building.

Sweden's Atom Raid Cautions

STOCKHOLM, May 17.

THE Swedish State Air Defence Committee has recommended construction of atom bomb proof shelters with bunks for 750,000 civilians under Sweden's mountains.

The Committee in a report also recommended additional shelters for 300,000 under buildings in towns.

AFGHAN TRADE THRO' PAKISTAN

Charges Repudiated

KARACHI, May 17. (PTI-Reuter): The Pakistan Government yesterday repudiated Afghan charges that Pakistan had violated international usage and practice relating to Afghan trade through Pakistan, it was authoritatively learned last night.

The Pakistan note said that Pakistan had scrupulously adhered to the provisions of the Anglo-Afghan Treaty of 1921 and the Anglo-Afghan Trade Convention of 1923 and counter-accused Afghanistan of persecuting Pakistani traders in Afghanistan.

U. N. INTERVENTION IN MALAYA URGED

DJAKARTA, May 17. (PTI-Reuter): The Indonesian Foreign Ministry official spokesman, Haji Agus Salim, urged United Nations intervention in the Malayan "anti-terrorist" campaign at a press conference here today.

"Thousands of lives are being lost, including young Englishmen, without the world taking interest in the affair", he said.

"We know that intervention can spare worst calamities".

LIMITING CONDITIONS IN REQUISITIONING FLAT

Businessman's Plea Before Superme Court

NEW DELHI, May 17, (PTI).

MR. H. M. SEERVAI, counsel for respondents in the Bombay House Requisition Case, pleaded before the Supreme Court today that Section Three of the Bombay Land Requisition Ordinance of 1947 under which the Government of Bombay had requisitioned the flat occupied by Mr. Khusaldas Advani, should not be dissected but read as a whole.

He was continuing his arguments today in support of his contention that a writ of centiorari lay against the provincial government. This was the judgment of the Bombay High Court against which the Government of Bombay had filed an appeal in the Supreme Court.

Mr. Seervai said that the moment determination was made that housing was a public purpose, it contingently affected every house in the city, which, in any particular case, migtt be requisitioned for that purpose.

Mr. JUSTICE PATANJALI SHASTRI: "It is a strong thing to assume".

MR. SEERVAI: "It was also a strong thing to assume public purposes."

MR. JUSTICE FAZL ALI: "Is it not permissible for Government to hold that in the existing circumstances in the country requisitioning and allotment of houses to refugees was a public purposes?"

Mr. Seervai said that under Section 3 of the Ordinance there were limiting conditions. If(ignoring these conditions, discretion was made, then that would affect the rights of the subjects. That meant it was a quasi-judicial act and so a writ of certiorari was competent.

He said discretionary powers and quasi-judicial acts could not be separated. And Section 3 should be read as a whole.

MODE OF REQUISITIONING

Mr. Seervai contended that the Ordinance only had refered to public housing and not to refugee housing. He added that the High Court had observed that there was no evidence to show that there was any public requisitioning. The only evidence before the Court was that the requisitioning was in the interests of a particular individual. He said there was no warrant to show that his client was in wrongful possession of the flat under question. There was nothing to show that Mrs. Dayaram, to whom Government had allotted the flat, was a refugee; neither was she a public servant, Mr. Seervai added.

Mr. Seervai said thhe existence of a public purpose was a condition of the jurisdiction given to th eprovincial government, and there was nothing in the act to indicate that the Government were constituted judges to determine conclusively this preliminary jurisdictional fact. Alternatively, he said, if Government had power to decide this fact the moment it became apparent that in respect of a particular person the requirements of jurisdictional fact were not complied with, the jurisdiction of the Government to make thatorder ceased.

Mr. Seervai refuted the contention of the Attorney-General of India that the Provincial Government could not be sued. He said whenever an agent of the Crown did not discharge duties to the subjects, a writ of certiorari could be issued against the agent.

2 YEARS R. I. FOR YOUTH

Cut Indecent Jokes With Girl

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, May 17: For cutting indecent jokes with a college girl, one Muslim youth named Abdul Latif has been sentenced to two years R.I. by the City Magistrate of Lahore.

It is stated that while the girl was going to her college in the morning of March 5, the accused followed her from her house to a distance of about two furlongs and made indecent overtures. The girl first began to cry out when the accused tried to run away, she chased him and threw her dopatta round his neck. People soon came to her assistance and the accused was caught and handed over to the police.

CHIANG PLANS TO FLEE FROM FORMOSA

Red Preparations For Invasion

HONG KONG, May 17, (PTI-Reuter).

GENERALISSIMO Chiang Kai-shek and his close associates plan to flee abroad when Chinese Communist forces attack their last citadel, the island of Formosa, British and American observers here believed today.

They suggested the Communist attack might come as early as next month now that the Chinese Nationalists had withdrawn 150,000 troops and equipment from the Chusan Islands, 100 miles south of Shanghai.

Dependents of Nationalist officials in Formosa are preparing to evacuate to Japan, according to unconfirmed Chinese reports from Taipeh, Formosa.

These preparations coincided with a wave of uneasiness reported sweeping through Nationalist ranks since the Chusan withdrawal.

New Communist airfields have been opened up on the mainland and could give air cover for invasion of Formosa.

PRESSURE ON COLONY

Speculation has begun on where the Chinese Nationalist Goverument would go if the Communists occupied Formosa, Taipeh, reports said.

Some observers here thought it likely the Nationalists would attempt to establish a refugees Governmente in Japan.

Occupation of Formosa by the Communists would mean the end of Hong Kong's usefulness to them as a source for blockade free supplies and some Britons and Americans in Hong Kong thought this might mark the beginning of Communist pressure to squeeze the British from the colony.

They believed, too, that the Nationalists' withdrawal from the Chusans meant the end of the Nationalist sea blockade of the Chinese mainland.

WHAT MOTIVE

Observers were sharply divided in appraising the motives behind the Nationalists' sudden and dramatic move in withdrawing 150,000 troops from Chusan islands with the utmost secrecy.

Some well-informed sources said Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek had no option.

Others said it was either a political move by Chiang Kai-shek to induce more American aid against the Communists or, in the light of events of the past two years, meant that the Nationalists had no intention of making a stand anywhere, not even in Formosa.

A highly placed American said circumstances had forced Chiang Kai-shek to withdraw to retain his remaining 150,000 soldiers and equipment.

He said that the Chusan Islands were partly ringed by a series of newly developed airfield from which the Communists' Soviet supplied Air Force could carry out devastating attacks to support invasion forces from the mainland.

In the event of invasion he believed the Communists now had powerful naval units, also Soviet supplied which possibly included submarines for cutting off any attempted retreat.

The Nationalists had wisely withdrawn to avoid that risk, he added.

Several British and American observers thought Chiang Kai-shek had thrown away the Nationalists' most potent offensive weapon—the blockade—which could no longer be maintained efficiently.

They said the withdrawal from Chugan pointed eto what would happen to Fomosa, which they thought the Nationalists had no intention of defending resolutely.

British Ship Released

HONG KONG, May 17 (PTI-Reuter): A Royal Navy launch ordered the Commander of a Chinese Nationalist gunboat to release the Hong Kong registered ship Frosty Moller (557 tons) detained after two shots had been fired across her bows.

The Frosty Moller arrived here last night.

The Nationalist gunboat intercepted the Frosty Moller yesterday to international waters near Ladrone Islands 40 miles south-west of Hong Kong, and after firing shots detained her.

When the Royal Navy launch appeared on the scene the Skipper told the Gungoat Commander it was illegal to hold a British ship in international waters.

The Frosty Moller was then allowed to proceed on her way.

GLUT OF IMPORTED FOOD IN JAPAN

Ration Stocks Going Mouldy

TOKYO, May 17 (PTI-Reuter): Japan, desperately short of food at the end of the war, now has such a glut that unclaimed food ration stocks are going mouldy and will have to be fed to animals, the newspaper Asahi said today.

During March and April housewives declined to buy 40,000 tons of imported staple food rations, the paper added.

The Japanese still prefer rice to wheat, despite the Government's efforts to educate them to eat more wheat, it continued, and they preferred Japanese rice to that imported from Thailand.

PLOT TO SABOTAGE HANOI G. P. O.

PARIS, May 17. (PTI-Reuter): A plan to sabotage the General Post Office installations at Hanoi, Viet Nam, was discovered following the arrest of the three Viet Minh (Nationalist Insurgent) agents, an Agence France Press dispatch from Saigon said today.

The plan was said to have been carried out this week, official sources said.

AIR LIFT TO LEH

SRINAGAR, May 17, (UPI): The Government of India are understood to have making arrangements for "air lifting" to Leh, capital of Ladakh, the sacred relics of the Lord Buddha and his two disciples Mahomagallana and Sariputta which are at present at Sarnath and a Calcutta.

Teenager Escapes From Children's Home

NEW DELHI, May 17, (UPI): Devki Nandan, a young boy of 13 who was committed to the reformatory for a period of two years on April 29 last, by Delhi's Lady Magistrate, has absconded from the children's home.

A few days back three minor children also escaped from the reformatory.

Devki Nandan was found guilty of theft.

Panikar At Peking

NEW DELHI, May 17, (UPI) The Indian Ambassador in China, Sardar K. M. Panikar and party reached Peking on May 14 from Tientsin, according to information received here. The Ambassador was acccmpanied by the head of Protocol Section at Tientsin and Mr. A. K. Sen, charge d'affairs, who received him and the party at Tientsin.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

AN American professor, Gerald Ehrlich, has won the popularity vote from his students. He has been chosen because he "sometimes throws eggs at them and fires cap pistols in class'. At times he even demonstrates a handkerchief that changes colours or releases a live mouse.

Professing in America must be an arduous business. When I was in my student days, we used to enliven the monotony of the classroom by throwing paper aeroplanes at the professors, overturning their table, letting off alarum clocks in the class, and, most delightful of all, smuggling in bhajias to eat from the bhatt's room. Periodically, our professors regaled us with brief lectures on the deterioration in students' manners and the high respect shown by Indian students for their gurus in ancient India. But it made little impression on us.

Professor Ehrlich teaches mental and social hygiene which can with his imagination be stretched to include all his antics. But he admits that all his pranks are extra-curricular. He thinks that teen-agers are facing so many problems that they must be helped to relax. With all respect to his opinion, I must say that he has missed the point. There is only one problem for the student, whether teen-ager or older. That is how to harass his teacher without suffering the righteous wrath of the parent who foots the bill. They do not want to learn that the professor is just as human as they are from the professor; they want to find out for themselves just how human he is. And they do not pull their punches. A professor who sets about telling them all about his humanity, might as well quit his job. He will have to in any case. The students will only think him a man who is shirking his medicine by exaggerating his ill-health.

I have had my fill of professors and teachers. My last word on all of them would be that, if we were not placed in this unequal relationship, I might have been friends with about two of them. The first in this category was an engaging young fellow who made it quite clear that it hurt him more than us to be tied up in a dingy class room. That made us all very keen on sitting in at all his lectures. I remember that, on a cricket day when he had just two boys in his class, he turned savagely on them for trying to curry favour with him. "A fine day, a day of sunshine and joy, a day made for the open air," he said with mounting rage, "and you plague me with your presence. Get out." They got out. And he made straight for the field where he smiled paternally on all the others who had sought to escape him. The other—well, I should really not be saying this but I must honour him. He was a practical believer in freedom. Coming rightly to the conclusion that the class-room was not big enough to hold both him and me, he made the sporting offer that I should seek refuge during his lecture hours in his own room where no one would think of looking for absconding students. "In this way," he said. "those who want to listen to me, the silly fools, might do so peace and you can occupy yourself to better advantage." He was even generous enough to indicate that, if I wanted. I could smoke his cigarettes. A mere gesture, since I did not smoke then and he took his tin with him into his classroom; but the spirit was excellent for all that.

Dr. Matthai's Future Plan

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, May 17: According to their present plans, Dr. John Mathai and Mrs Mathai will leave for Kashmir for two months, after he hands over the Finance portfolio on June 1. They propose to spend two months in the South, before Dr. John Mathai re-joins the Tata's early in October.

A large number of parties have been arranged to say farewell to the Finance Minister and his popular wife.

Transfer Implications

CALCUTTA, May 17 (UPI): A mixed Commission to work out the financial adjustments following the defacto transfer of Chandernagore to India, is being set up by the Government of India. it is officially learnt.

INDIA'S TRADE WITH U. S. INCREASES

WASHINGTON, May 17. (PTI-Reuter): India increased her imports and exports to the United States during March, according to the U. S. Commerce Department.

Compared with February imports rose by 16,200,000 dollars to 34,600,000 dollars and exports by 5,1000,000 dollars to 22,700,000 dollars.

Pakistan's imports dropped to two million dollars but her exports rose by 2,100,000 dollars to 3,700,000 dollars.

Other figures in dollars issued by the department included:

Ceylon: Imports 500,000 (increase 100,000) exports 6,100,000 (increase 3,200,000)

Burma: Imports 100,000 (February less than 50,000) exports both in March and February less than 50,000 dollars.

British Malaya: Imports 1,400,000 (decrease 300,000) exports 16,500,000 (decrease 2,800,000).

Hong Kong: Imports 13,700,000 (increase 4 million exports 200,000 (no change)

KRISHNA SITUATION SATISFACTORY

VIJAYAVADA, May 17 (PTI): The situation in Krishna District which was subject to frequent raids by armed bands is officially stated to be satisfactory.

There have been no incident in the district in the past three weeks and defence squads formed in almost all villages of the district are functioning effectively, if was stated

M. P. C. C. MEETING AT NASIK

NASIK, May 17. (PTI): A general body meeting of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee will be held at Nasik on May 28 to discuss arrangements for the forthcoming Congress session at Nasik.

Mr. N. V. Gadgil, India's Minister for Works, Mines and Power, is expected to attend the meeting.

The M.P.C.C. stated today that arrangements had been made for boarding and lodging of members in the adjoining buildings of the Western India Golf Culb where the meeting will be held.

Sabha Leader Arrested

AMBALA, May 17. (PTI): Prof Omprakash Kahol, member of the Working Committee of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, was arrested in Ambala yesterday afternoon, under Section three of the Preventive Detention Act, for delivering alleged objectionable speeches

Profesor Kahol who has been detained for the first instance for a period of two months, has applied for release on parole for ten days to dispose of some urgent work.

MUTT AND JEFF—Anyway, Jeff Didn't Want To Use Snap Judgment By BUD FISHER

DRESSED LIKE A WOMAN JEFF IS NOW WORKING AT THE VANDERPAN'S RESIDENCE AS A MAID....
JANE, YOU'RE LEAVING FINGER PRINTS ON THE PLATES!
OH, DON'T WORRY, MA'AM I AIN'T DONE NUTHIN.' MY CONSCIENCE IS CLEAR!
WHEN YOU WAIT ON THE GUESTS TONIGHT PLEASE DON'T SPILL ANY-THING!
DON'T WORRY-MA'AM I'LL KEEP MY MOUTH SHUT!
MA'AM, WILL YOU DO THE DISHES ? I HATE TO WASH DISHES!
WHAT? THE IDEA! DO YOU THINK I'M A FOOL?
I DON'T KNOW YET, MA'AM! I ONLY CAME HERE YESTERDAY!
OH!
Fisher

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